



CLUSTER  
BOOSTER ACADEMY

# Cluster Booster Academy

Training Day 1

December 01, 2022



An initiative of the European Union



# Agenda Virtual Training (Day 1)

09.30 – 10.00	<b>Welcome and introduction to the workshop</b>
10.00 – 10.10	<b>Overview:</b> Steps to develop a cluster strategy
10.10 – 10.30	<b>Step 1:</b> Trends – identification and management of present movement
10.30 – 10.40	Virtual coffee chat in break-out groups
10.40 – 11.10	<b>Step 2:</b> Cluster and member needs (incl. survey results of study)
11.10 – 11.45	<b><i>Self-reflection &amp; break-out room step 1 &amp; 2: Trends and resulting needs</i></b>
11.45 – 12.15	<b>Step 3:</b> Vision, mission, objectives of a cluster
12.15 – 12.45	<b><i>Self-reflection step 3: Vision, mission, objectives of your cluster</i></b>
12.45 – 13.30	Lunch break
13.30 – 14.00	<b>Step 4:</b> Competency assessment for cluster and cluster management
14.00 – 14.40	<b><i>Self-reflection step 4: SWOT analysis and solving of needs</i></b>
14.40 – 15.10	<b>Step 5:</b> Development and improvement of service portfolio
15.10 – 15.40	<b><i>Self-reflection Step 5: Categorization of services into the portfolio analysis matrix</i></b>
15.40 – 16.25	<b><i>Break-out room step 5: Service offerings among participants</i></b>
16.25 – 16.30	<b>Step 6:</b> Communication strategies for clusters
16.30 – 17.45	<b><i>Keynote: Speech on communication strategies + Q&amp;A</i></b>
17.45 – 18.00	<b>Wrap-up and Q&amp;A</b>

 Beginning/ Ending

 Break

*Italics* Interactive session



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# Agenda Virtual Training (Day 2)

10.00 – 10.15	<b>Short recap day 1 and welcome day 2</b>
10.15 – 10.30	<b>Business Model:</b> Business model canvas introduction and explanation
10.30 – 11.00	<b><i>Self-reflection business model of my cluster:</i></b> <i>defining business model canvas for own cluster</i>
11.00 – 11.30	<b>Inspiration: financing</b> (financing situation in clusters, financing risks and desired development)
11.30 – 12.30	<b>Keynote:</b> <i>Speech on cluster business models</i>
12.30 – 13.30	Lunch break
13.30 – 14.10	<b><i>Self-reflection recap business model of my cluster:</i></b> <i>desired business model in 5 years</i>
14.10 – 17.10	<b><i>Break-out session developing an action plan to advance and improve your current business model</i></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Establishing ideas for business model advancements and improvements</i></li> <li>– <i>Pitching and further developing the ideas</i></li> <li>– <i>Forming an action plan to validate the idea</i></li> </ul>
17.10 – 17.30	<b>Final Q&amp;A, feedback and closing of the training</b>

 Beginning/ Ending

 Break

*Italics* Interactive session



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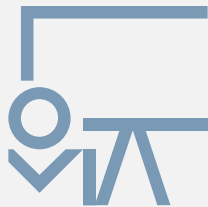
# Please introduce yourself and state your expectations for today's training

## About yourself

Name

Affiliation

Why are cluster strategy and business model advancements and improvements important to you?



## Your expectations and objectives

What are your learning objectives for this course?

Is there anything else, which could help to make this course a success to you?



# Your key learnings of this training...

## Cluster Strategy Review



**Learn** how to **analyze trends** and **define** the most **important** ones for your cluster

**Determine** the **needs** within your cluster and among the members

**Explore** the **existing** and **desired competencies** within your cluster

**Find inspiration** for **new services** and service **portfolio** optimization

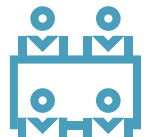
**Gain insights** on how to **communicate** with members and towards the public from a cluster management perspective

## Business model advancements and improvements



**Develop** an individual **action plan** to **advance and improve** your cluster's **business model**

***Learn from peer experiences & through interactive sessions***



# The training consists of a theory section followed by an interactive application part

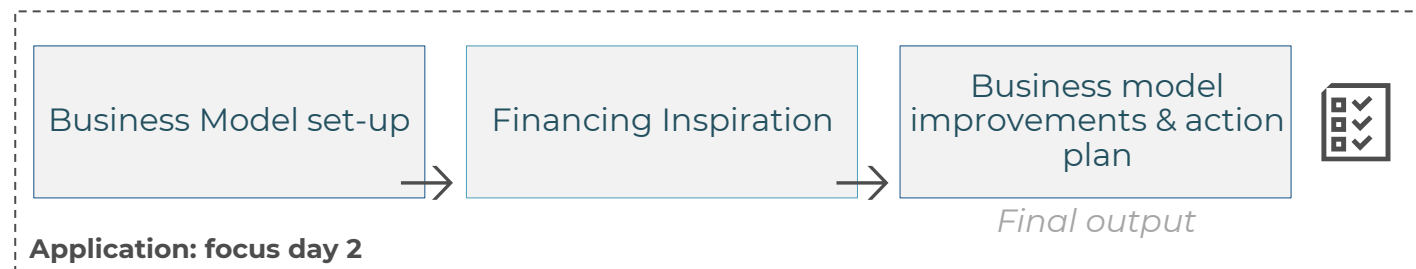
Through **insights gathered** from **cluster strategy review**, **business model** advancements and expansions can be identified

- Externalities
- Internalities

## Training Theory



## Training – Theory Application



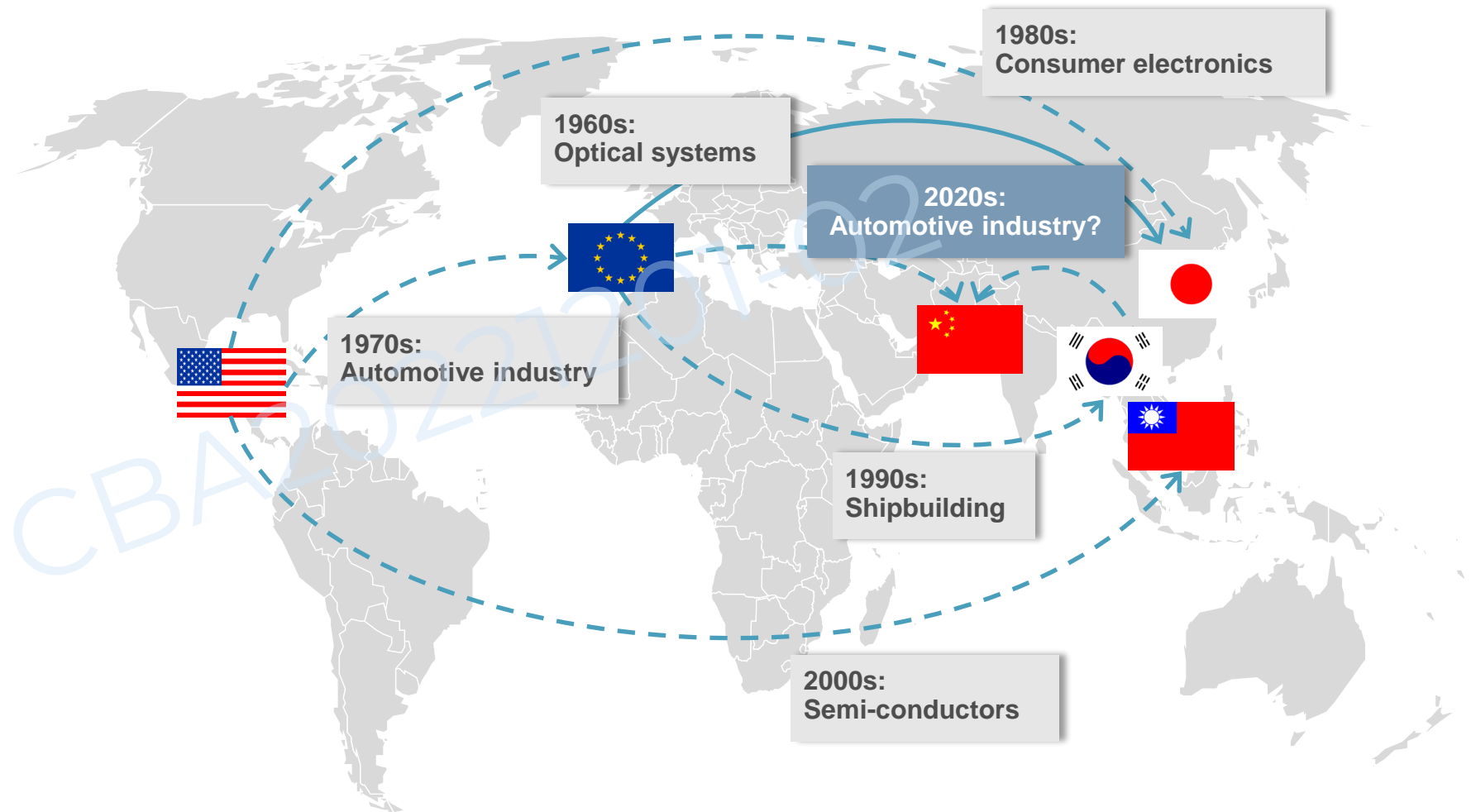




# Step 1: Trends

# Not fully understanding global trends has put even national industries at risk

## 1. Understanding global trends





# Identifying trends and challenges consists of strategic foresight towards developments ...

## Innovation initiation has altered over time

Increasing attention towards **green** and **circular economic activities**

Increasingly **converging technologies**

**Changing** roles for **intellectual property** and **data protection**



Growing **innovation complexity** goes **beyond** most companies' **technological capacity**

**Rising number** of innovations is **created** through **combination** of different **technologies/ industries**

**Moving** of processes towards **digital formats** and creation of **digital networks** across borders

## The complexity requires clusters to act via strategic foresight

Clusters are the partner for bridging competences and members capacity gaps

### Strategic foresight tasks for clusters include being:

- **Equipped** with **state-of-the-art knowledge** on a regular base
- **Aware** about industry **needs**
- **Familiar** with **trend** and **development scenarios** for cluster-related technologies, value chains and needs



*Knowledge generated from strategic foresight needs to be integrated into services*



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Source: GIZ Cluster Development Guide 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# ... and execution of an active change and innovation management

Strategic change and innovation management describes the **ability** and **will** to **derive** the **future** **from** the **future** and not from the past

When organizing an active change and innovation management, cluster managers should consider:

- Existence of **differences among members** such as **size**; especially with regard to **operationalization**, **structure** and **standardization** of innovation management

On **different levels**, **clusters** can **enforce** and **position themselves** as **active drivers** of **change and innovation management**

Level	Cluster-related positioning
Innovation strategy	Road mapping, portfolio analysis, international determination of position, cluster strategy, framework of SME strategy
Internal conditions (innovation culture)	Advanced training options, connection of industry and research, working groups, innovation labs, open innovation arenas
Operative innovation management	Strengthen contacts with cooperation partners, innovation matchmaking, technology transfer
External conditions	Joint purchasing platforms, recruitment of qualified personnel, contact with public authorities and multipliers
Transfer of results	Common brands or processes, innovation packages



# Tool utilization: It is crucial to address relevant macro- environ- mental factors in a structured way

## Understanding external influences (PESTEL analysis incl. examples)

Political	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Tax policy, labor law, environmental law, trade restrictions, tariffs, political stability</li> <li>– Goods and services which the government wants (merit goods) and those that the government does not want to be provided (demerit goods)</li> <li>– Influence on the health, education, and infrastructure of a nation</li> </ul>
Economic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Economic growth, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation rate</li> </ul>
Social/ cultural	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Cultural aspects, health consciousness, population growth rate, age distribution, career attitudes and emphasis on safety</li> </ul>
Technological	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Ecological and environmental aspects, such as R&amp;D activity, automation, technology incentives and the rate of technological change</li> </ul>
Environmental	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Weather, climate, and climate change</li> </ul>
Legal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Discrimination law, consumer law, antitrust law, employment law, health and safety law</li> </ul>



# Talking about trends (examples)

## Online retail



Price, followed by promotion and delivery at low/ no cost are the top choices for consumers to choose online FMCG retailers (source: [Kantar](#))

## Animal wellbeing



>50% of German consumers are looking at the animal welfare label when buying groceries (source: [BMEL](#))

## Automotive industry



Self-driving vehicles will disrupt the business of at least one-third of industries in the developed world (source: [Gartner](#))

## Food industry



~15% of grocery products in Denmark are labeled as organic, making it the top market in Europe (source: [Statista](#))



# Present movements on challenges and trends in sustainability, digitalization and resilience

## Sustainability



**51% of consumers say environmental sustainability is more important** to them today than last year – **49% say they've paid a premium for sustainable products**  
(source: [IBM](#))



Total **global capacity and production of renewable energy doubled** throughout the last 8 years, especially **hydropower gains importance** (accounts for 16% of total global energy use)  
(source: [IRENA](#))

## Digitalization



The execution of a holistic digital transformation is a **top-priority for 56% of global companies** with investments in digital transformation expected to **quadruple to 6.8 Trillion \$ by 2023**  
(source: [Statista](#), [Flexera](#))



Artificial Intelligence is one of future's mega-trends as **61% of employees say AI helps to improve work productivity** And **54% of organizations report an improved decision process** as a result of AI implementation  
(source: [SnapLogic](#), [Addepto](#))

## Resilience



The Covid-Crisis drastically **changed the labour environment** putting jobs at risk and shifting skills needed with as many as **25% more workers forced to switch occupations** than before the pandemic (source: [Bloomberg](#))



Recent international conflicts in addition to the highest inflation in 30 years led to **energy price rises of more than 100% compared to 2021** and are thereby affecting almost all international economies (source: [Statista](#))





# Coffee Break

CBA20221201-02





## Step 2: Member and cluster needs

# Identifying key cluster members and attributing attention to their demands assists in a “need relevance analysis”

## Identifying key members and their corresponding needs

Not every member has the same relevance to the cluster.

Hence, it is important to:

**1** Identify key members

**2** Identify needs of key members

**3** Attribute a higher relevance to key members' needs in a following analysis

## Rank members according to importance and identify needs

Name of member	Importance to cluster	Top needs	(Potential) measures to keep member engaged
Member A	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Joint procurement via cluster</li> <li>– Filling knowledge gaps on product innovation</li> <li>– ...</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Inform member on all purposeful joint procurement actions</li> <li>– Launch trainings on product innovation</li> <li>– ...</li> </ul>
Member B	Medium	– ...	– ...
Member C	Low	– ...	– ...
...	...	...	...

## Identifying importance of members

Identifying member **importance depends on** the assessment of the corresponding **cluster managers** as the **cluster's individual environment ought to be considered**. Exemplary components to consider and weight accordingly are:

- Amount of membership fees, company/ organization size, member level of activity



# Being capable of grouping member needs and deriving service-optimizing actions supports in gaining commitment

## Relevance of understanding cluster members' needs

**Cluster understands needs** of key members and can prioritize them in their work

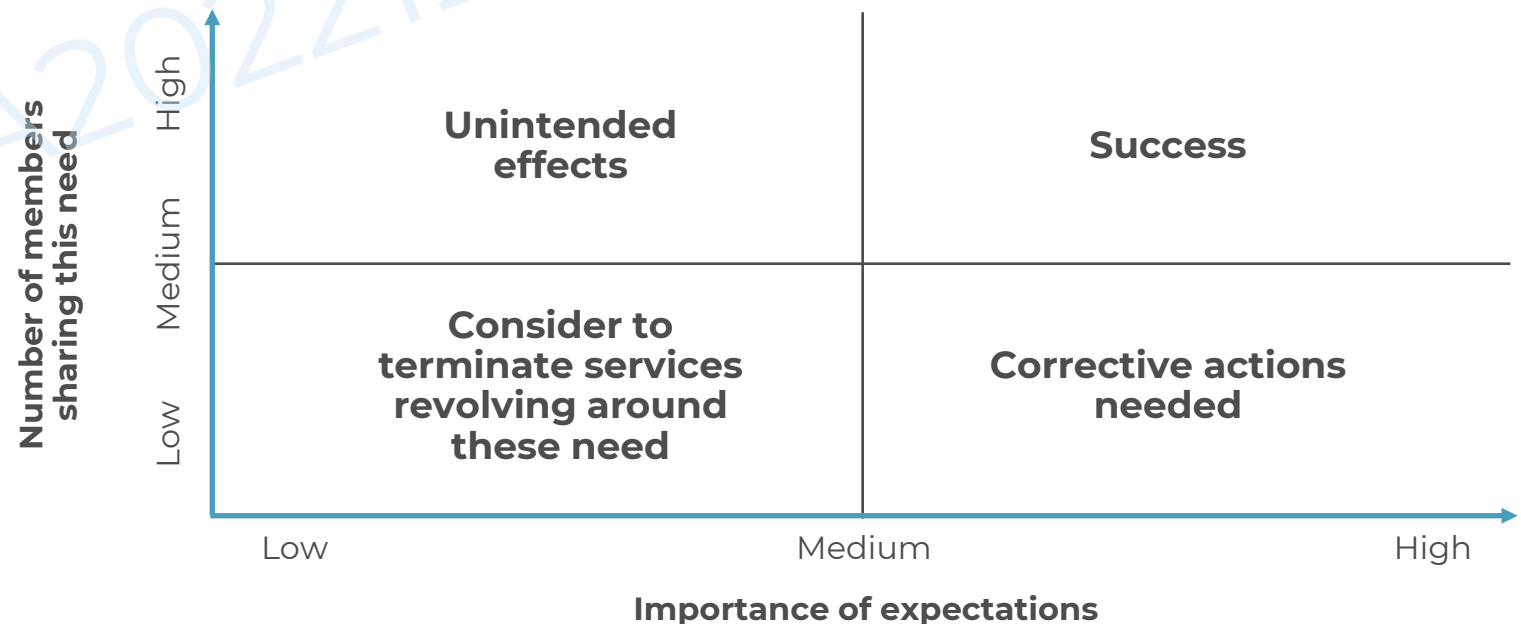


**Remaining commitment of members** over time and throughout cluster development processes

## Prioritizing the members' needs

**Not** every **need** has the **same importance to cluster members**, and these may **vary** among members

– **Ranking format** can **assist** in **identifying most relevant** and **shared needs**





**We  
conducted a  
survey on  
the most  
relevant  
needs  
among  
clusters**

**The survey covered topics on the following:**

**Cluster Management Skills**

**European growth model  
priorities  
(identified by EU commission):  
Digitalization-, Sustainability-, & Resilience  
Related Skills**



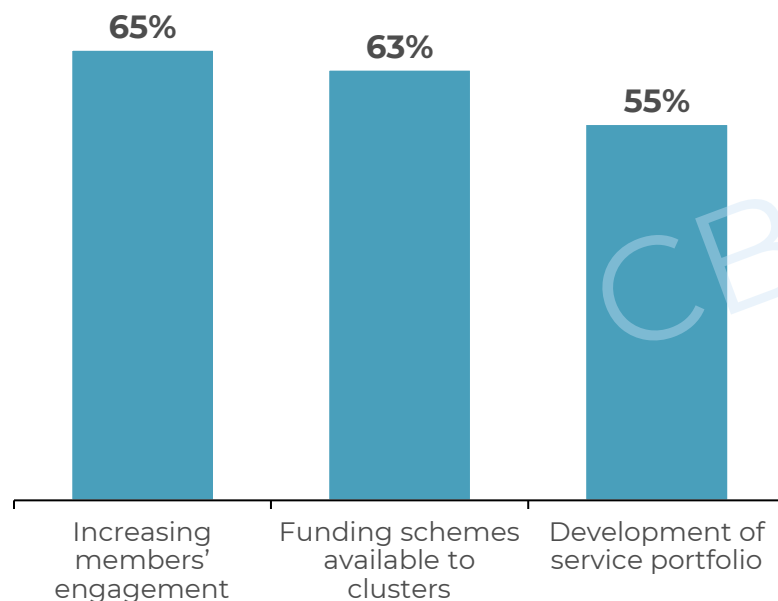
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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

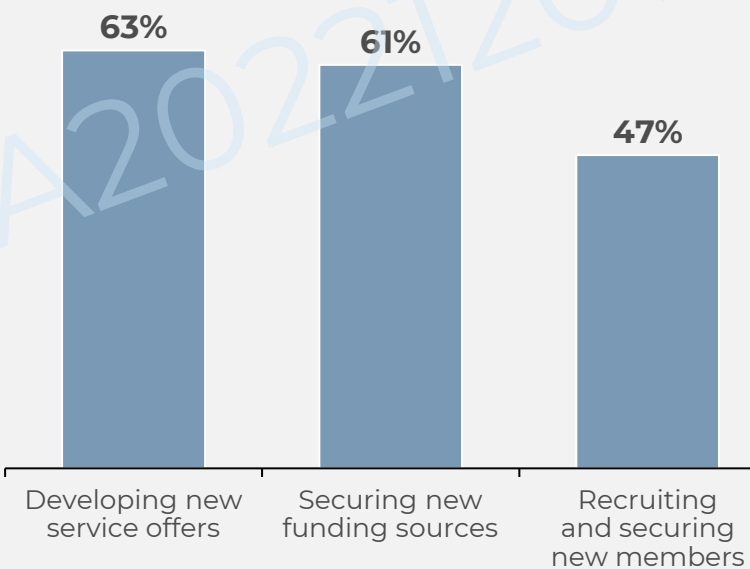


# The survey on mgmt. skills shows that the most relevant topics center on member engagement, services and funding

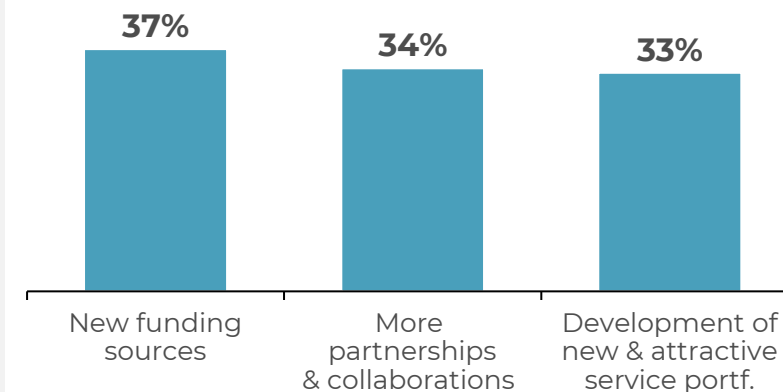
## Key mgmt. skills clusters would like to expand



## Key challenges faced in 2022



## Top strategic priorities clusters want to achieve

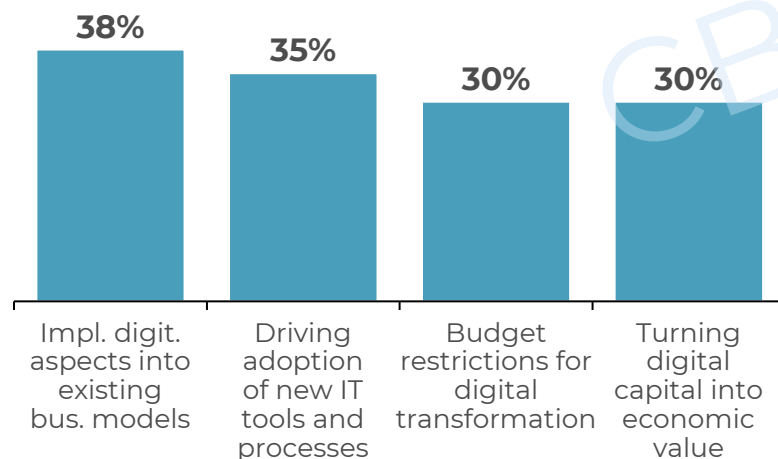


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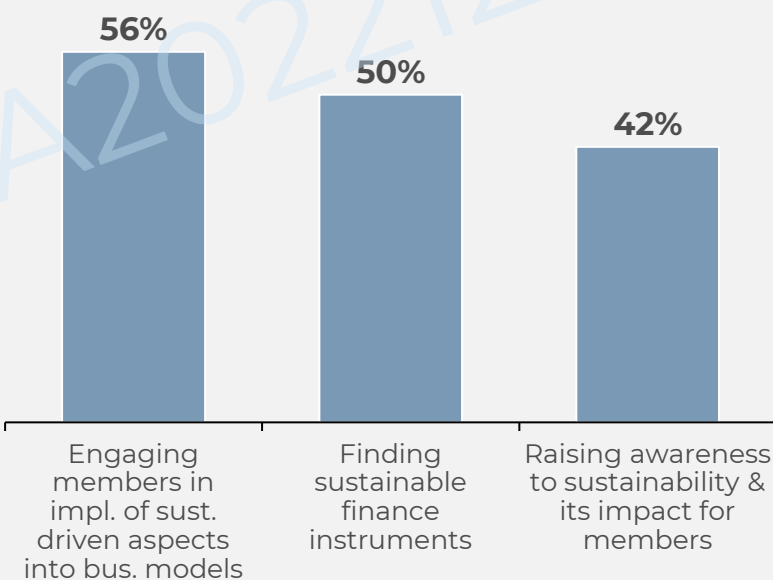
Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# The survey on the European growth model priorities shows a variety of challenges within the three focused fields

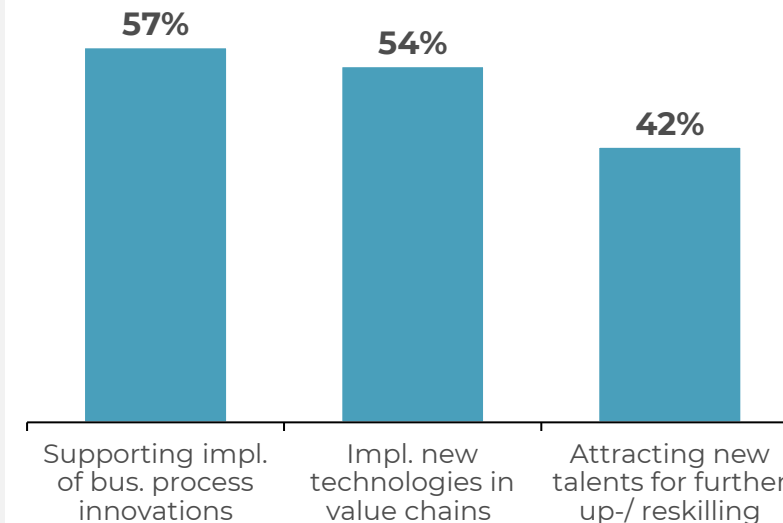
## Main challenges digitalization



## Main challenges green transformation



## Main challenges strengthening resilience



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

## **Self- reflection & break-out room (40 minutes)**

**Which current trends are striking for your cluster and members?**

(10 minutes individual reflection)

**What kind of needs could result from those trends?**

(20 minutes break-out room)

**Categorize needs into need matrix**  
(5 minutes individual reflection)

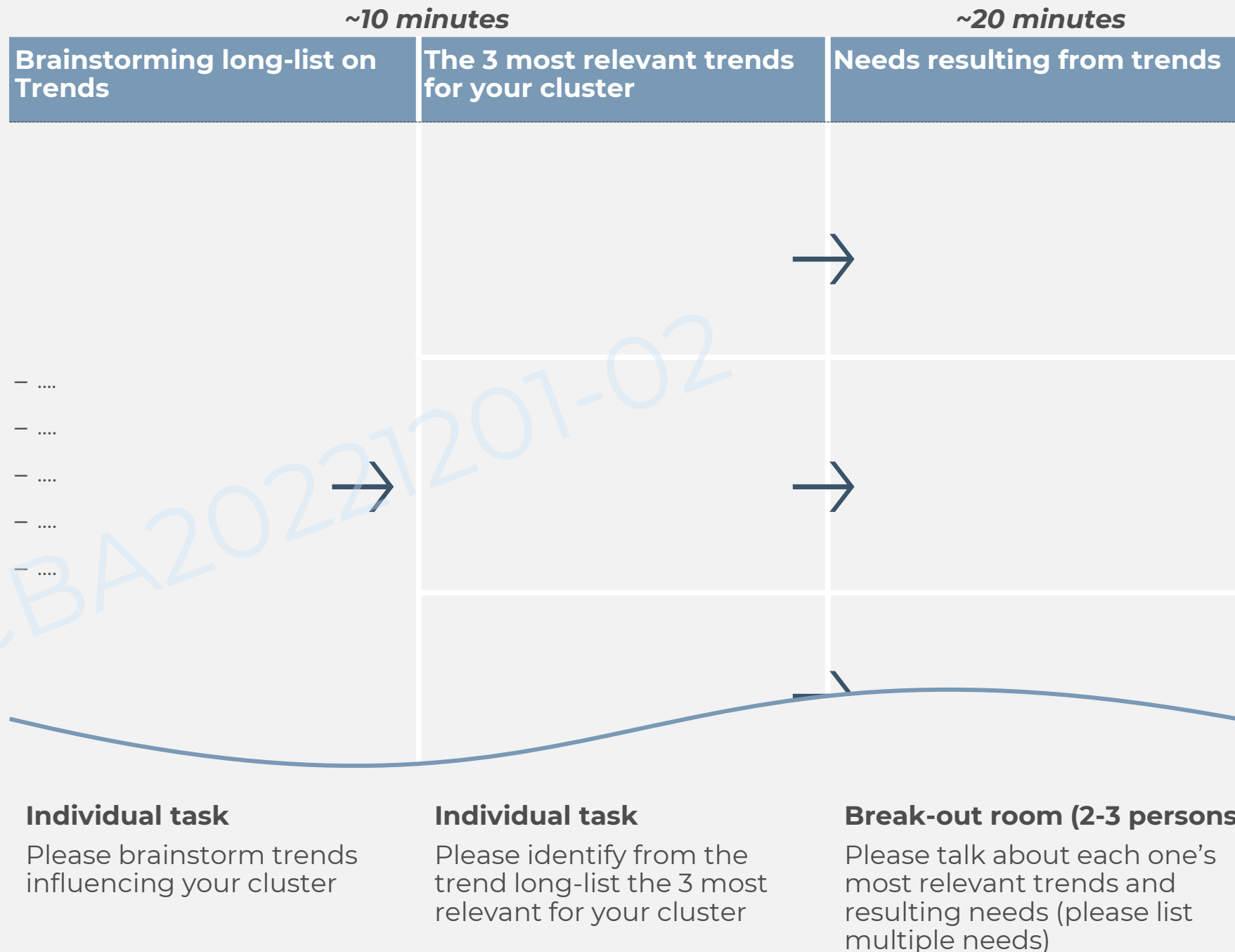


# Self-reflection and break-out session: working template

**Break-out room discussion** with other cluster managers is supposed to provide you with potential out of the box thinking.

## Best-practice for break-out room:

- Each one briefly introduces their cluster (max. 1 min.)
- Starting cluster manager illuminates the top three trends identified for the cluster and debates with the other participants on the needs that could result from these trends (split remaining time evenly)



# Self-reflection and break-out session: working template (5 minutes)

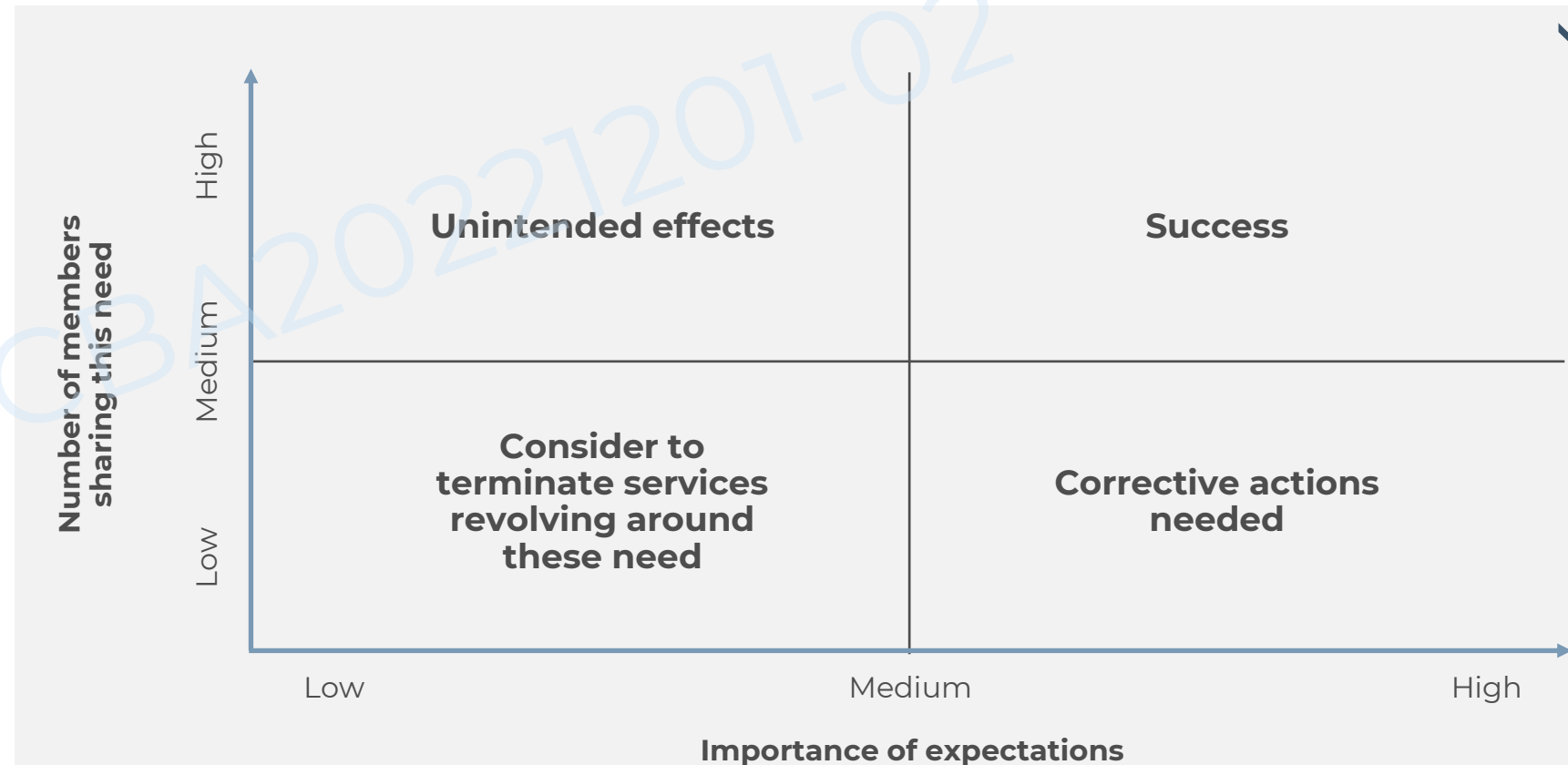
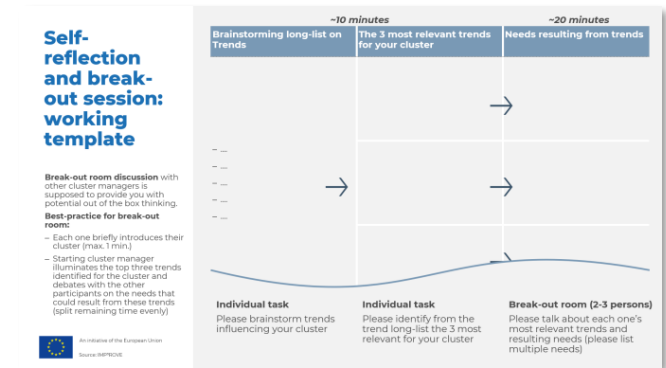
Please exchange the word placeholder by your identified and need and categorize it into the matrix

- Placeholder
- Placeholder
- Placeholder

## Prioritizing needs

Please **reflect** on the **identified trends** and **specifically** the **needs**...

... subsequently, **categorize** the three **identified needs** into the **matrix** below

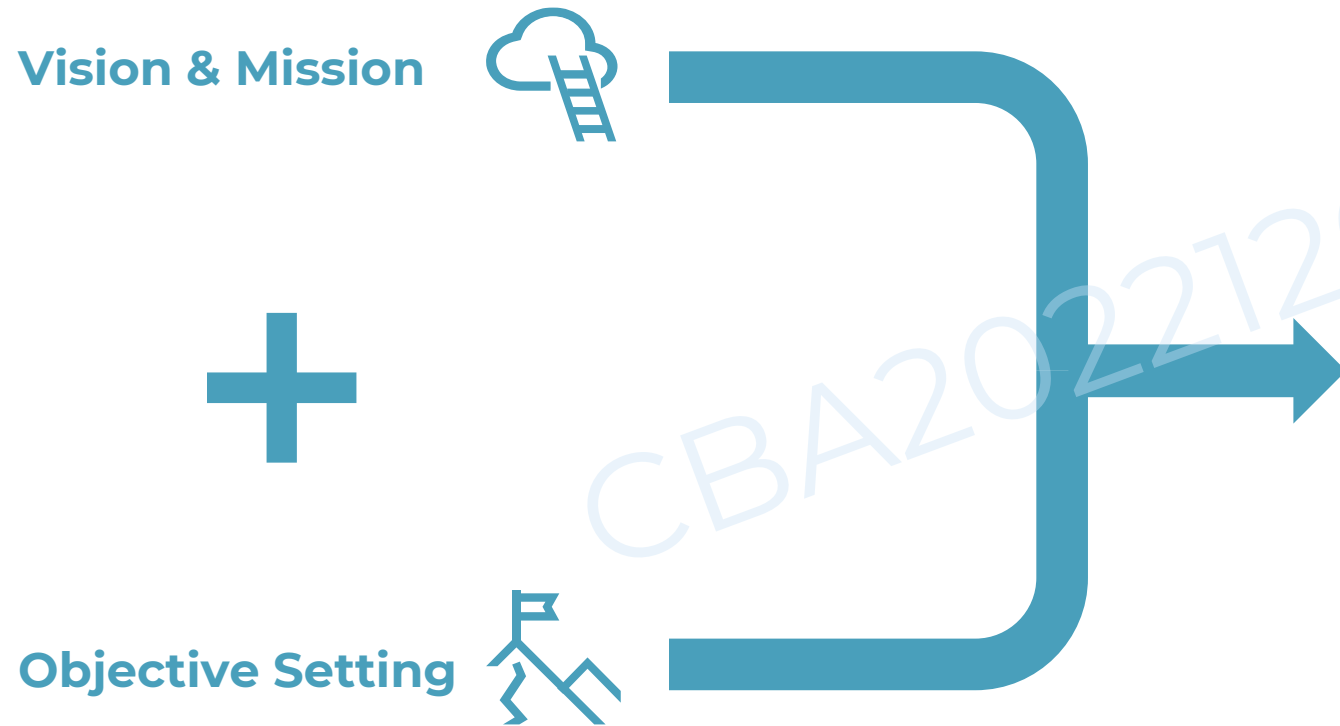




## Step 3: Vision, mission, objectives



# To be capable of developing a cluster strategy, the vision, mission and objectives must be set



The development of cluster strategies requires:

- **Definition & understanding** where the cluster **wants to go (vision)** and what the it desires to **stand for (mission)**
- Defined **objectives** which are **precise, measurable** and **leave room** for future **transformations** and **evolvments** within the cluster



# Vision and mission are general principles that define what the cluster stands for and where it wants to go

	Vision	Mission
Definition	"The dream"	"The what and why"
Description	Defines the optimal desired future state of what a cluster wants to achieve over time	Defines the cluster's business, its objectives and its approach to reach those objectives
Timing	Developed first	Developed only when the vision is available

## Purpose

### Internal

- **Guide management's thinking** on strategic issues
- Help **define performance** standards
- Guide **employee decision making**
- Help establish a **framework for ethical behavior**

### External

- Create **closer linkages and better communication** with members
- Promote **external support**

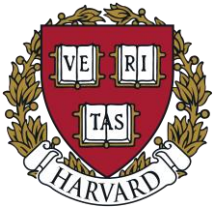
## Success Factors

- **Understood and shared by all** employees and potentially members
- Broad enough to **encompass a variety of perspectives**
- **Easy to communicate** to a broad audience
- **Inspiring** and uplifting
- **Concise and inclusive** for clear understanding
- May be **"action-oriented"** or **"outcome-oriented"**



# Depending on strengths and desires, all types of organizations define visions and missions for themselves

## Visions



*"... to educate the citizens and citizen-leaders for our society. We do this through our commitment to the transformative power of a liberal arts and sciences education."*



TESLA

*".. to accelerate the world's transition to sustainable energy."*



*"... to position the ACE as a benchmark for Basque businesses in the energy sector, leveraging its ability to revitalize partnerships and promote the visibility of the sector both locally and internationally."*

## Missions

*"... to set the standard for residential liberal arts and sciences education. We have committed to creating and sustaining the conditions that enable all Harvard College students to experience an unparalleled educational journey that is intellectually, socially, and personally transformative."*

*"... to create the most compelling car company of the 21st century by driving the world's transition to electric vehicles."*

*"... to improve competitiveness in the Basque energy sector, particularly in SMEs, by means of inter-company cooperation and public-private partnerships. With this in mind, the Cluster brings added value to its members in the fields of technology, internationalization, talent, innovation and sustainability."*



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# It is essential for cluster managers to comprehend how objectives are set and what follows from them

## Management by Objectives

### Clear objectives are essential for:

- Universal understanding of upcoming tasks and work
- Preparing and executing measures



***Trusting and transparent collaboration within clusters builds on a clear objective setting process***

Cluster managers ought to consider the following when setting objectives:

**1** **Objective setting** is an **integer part** prior to **strategy** development

### Objectives should be:

- 2**
- **Formulated** and noted down **precisely**
  - **Not too broad** (ensuring cluster specialization opportunities)
  - **Measurable** and **analyzable**

**3** **Open** room for cluster **transformation** and **evolvment**



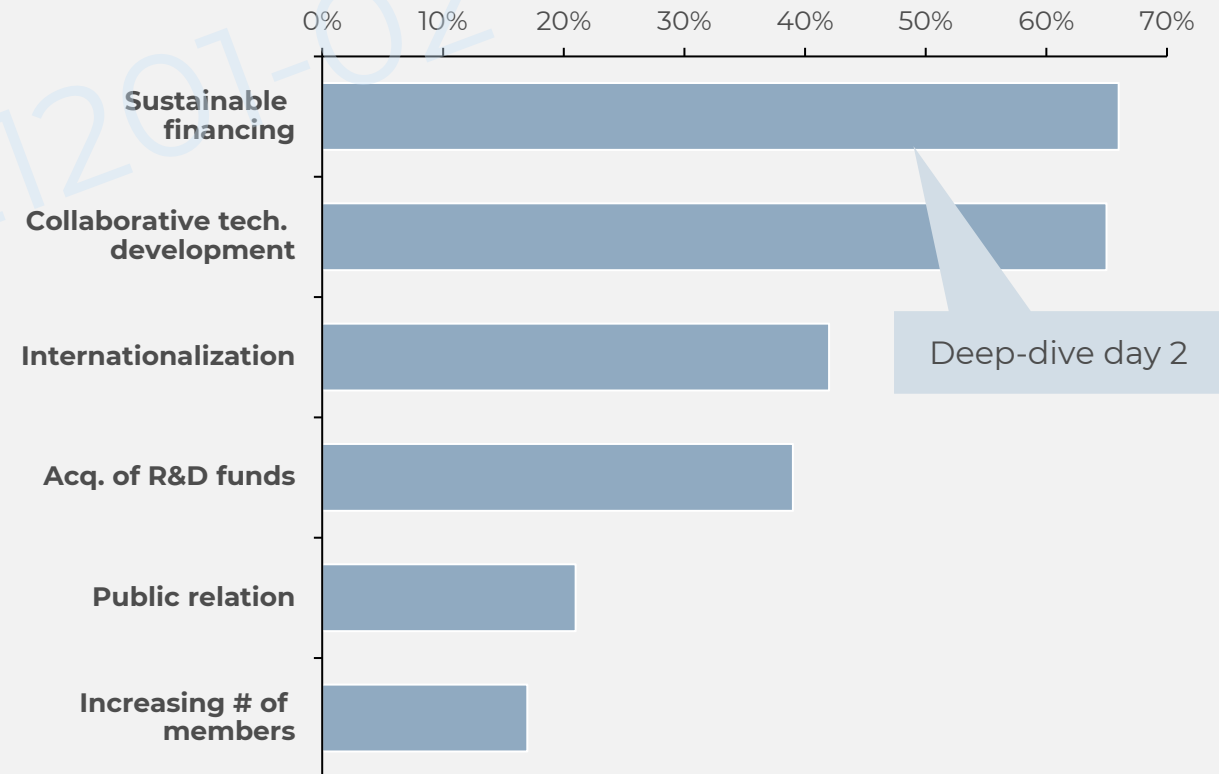


# Once a cluster has defined a role for itself, specific objectives can be scoped

## Typical objectives cluster services (exemplary)



## Typical objectives internal cluster organization (survey)



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Source: GIZ Cluster Development Guide 2021, Institute for Innovation and Technology Berlin 2009, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

## **Self- reflection & group discussion (30 minutes)**

**What could be the mission, vision and objectives of my cluster?**

20 minutes individual work

10 minutes sharing of results in main room



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Self-reflection and break-out session: working template

**Please reflect** 1 minute  
on your trend analysis

....

Subsequently move on and think about your clusters vision, mission and objectives



## Vision

*Please define the optimal desired state of what your cluster wants to achieve in the next decade....*

## Mission

*Please define the way you want to do business and the process to reach your vision/ targets....*

## Objectives

*Please name the most important service and internal objectives for your cluster....*



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



## Step 4: Competency assessment



# Developing or being aware of core competences yields several advantages for clusters

## Relevance of core competences

### Core competences are...

- 1 ... Giving clusters the opportunity to **better allocate resources**
- 2 ... Helping in **developing a specific image/ brand** and **presence** among members or within the “cluster universe” (something the cluster is known for)
- 3 ... Leading to **commitment** among cluster members – key skills members can rely on



**By using a SWOT-matrix, clusters can conduct a status-quo analysis of their competences**

## SWOT analysis

An analysis of a cluster's **strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats (SWOT)** enables managers to **determine** an **accurate status-quo** and **derive competency action fields**





# Case – SWOT analysis: Automotive supplier cluster

## SWOT analysis example

<h3><u>Strengths</u></h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Strong regarding number and diversity of members (mix between family businesses, large players, startups)</li> <li>– Members' known for cutting edge technology</li> <li>– Good ties and collaborations between companies and R&amp;D facilities (universities or other research institutes)</li> <li>– Joint business activities between members (e.g., frequently joint procurement actions via cluster management)</li> <li>– Strong ties to cluster management and commitment to organization (all members are somehow active)</li> </ul>	<h3><u>Weaknesses</u></h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Strong dependence on OEMs, high fraction of cluster members depend on foreign OEMs</li> <li>– Clear focus of members lies on automotive; only very few serve other related industries (e.g., aviation industry)</li> <li>– Competition among several members hinders cluster development; further competition expected due to horizontal expansion plans by multiple members</li> <li>– New members within cluster occasionally face issues integrating themselves (missing support by other members and time issue among cluster managers)</li> </ul>
<h3><u>Opportunities</u></h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Cluster members' business focus frequently lies in assistance systems; positive impact expected by e-mobility shift</li> <li>– Technological capabilities within members yields high potential to adapt products to other related industries</li> <li>– Supply chain issues can be used to establish a new procurement network independent from China</li> </ul>	<h3><u>Threats</u></h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– China's zero covid strategy causes supply chain issues and numerous members cannot serve demand (risk of being substituted)</li> <li>– Increasing tensions between China and Taiwan may cause further supply issues in the future (multiple members' technology is dependent on microchips from Taiwan)</li> <li>– Global competition heats up; specifically Korean automotive supplier are catching up technology-wise</li> </ul>

# Clusters should develop competences in multiple fields to act as an effective partner for all its members

## Fields of competences to develop:



**Technical knowledge** (e.g., sector/ industry/ market knowledge, tech. expertise)



**Process management & controlling skills** (e.g., financial modelling, quality mgmt. tools)



**Methodological skills** (e.g., project mgmt. tools, communication/ PR/ moderation, intercultural competence)



**Knowledge on cluster-related policies and funding programs** (e.g., regional policies, subsidies, promotion programs)



**Strategic management skills** (e.g., consultancy know-how, strategy development, modeling, leadership)

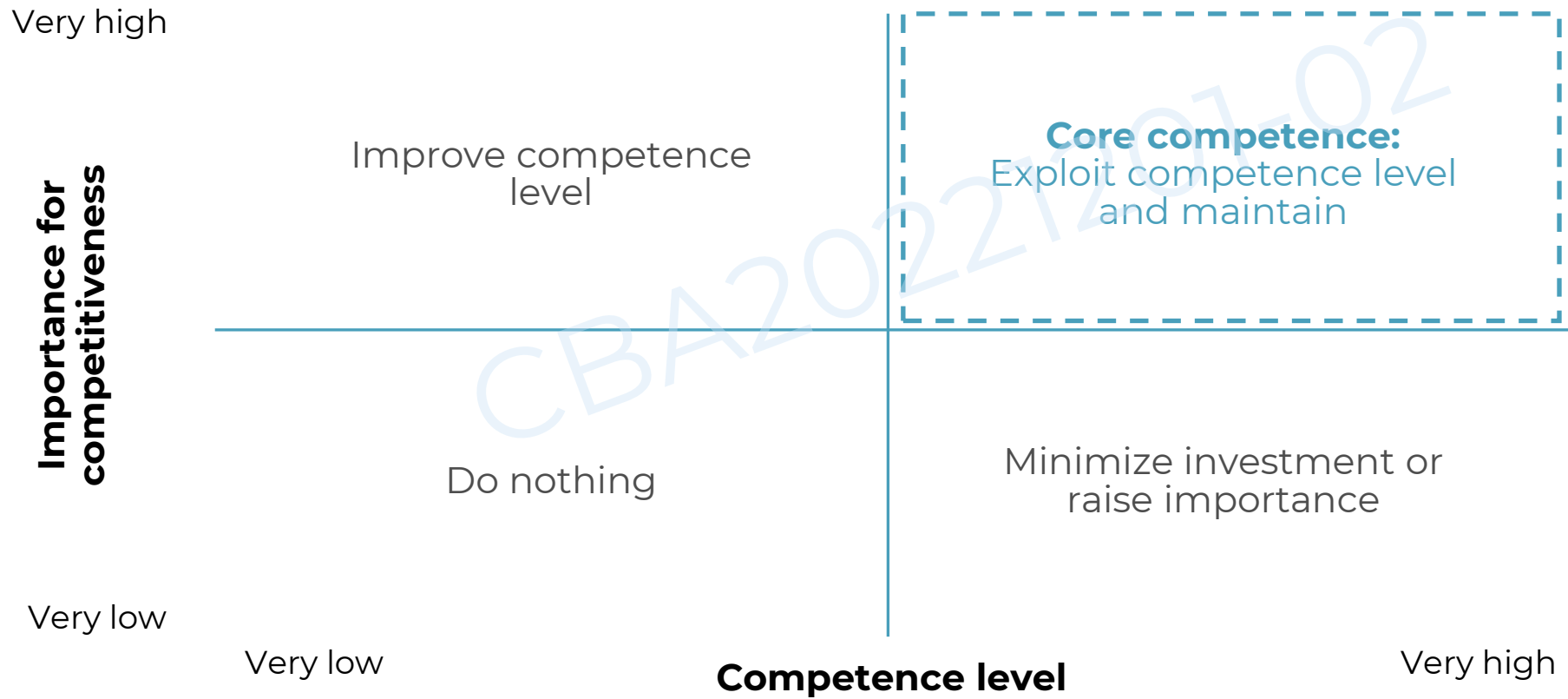


**Language skills** (e.g., business English)



# Core competences are defined as areas of high capability which are important for keeping the competitiveness

## Competence Matrix



By utilizing the “Competence Matrix”, **skills** within a cluster **can be mapped into four levels**



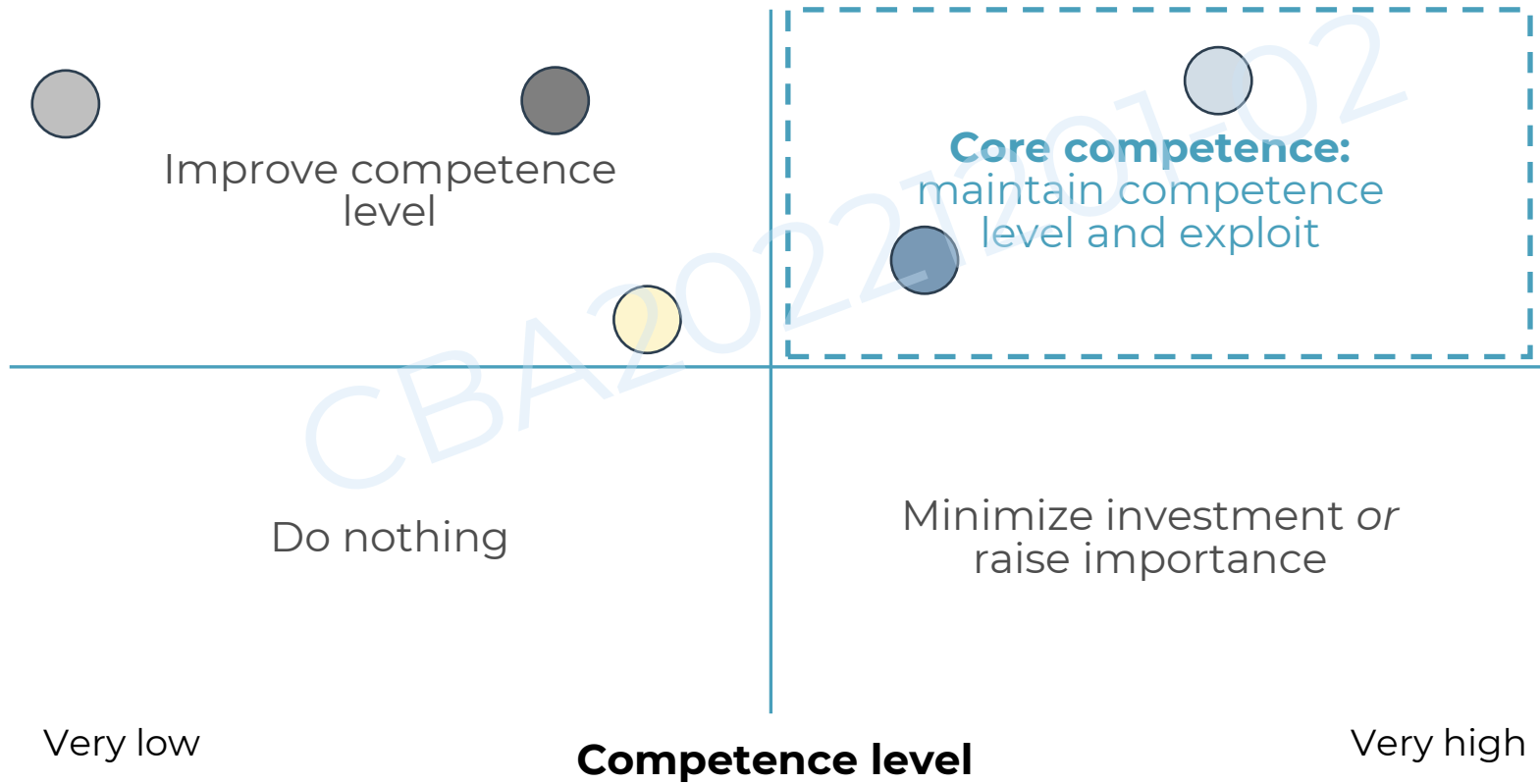
# Case – Competence Matrix: Glass production cluster

## Competence Matrix

Very high

Importance for competitiveness

Very low



Exemplary

competences to assess (simplified)

- Technology knowledge
- Brand reputation
- Flexible supplier structure
- Market flexibility
- Market knowledge

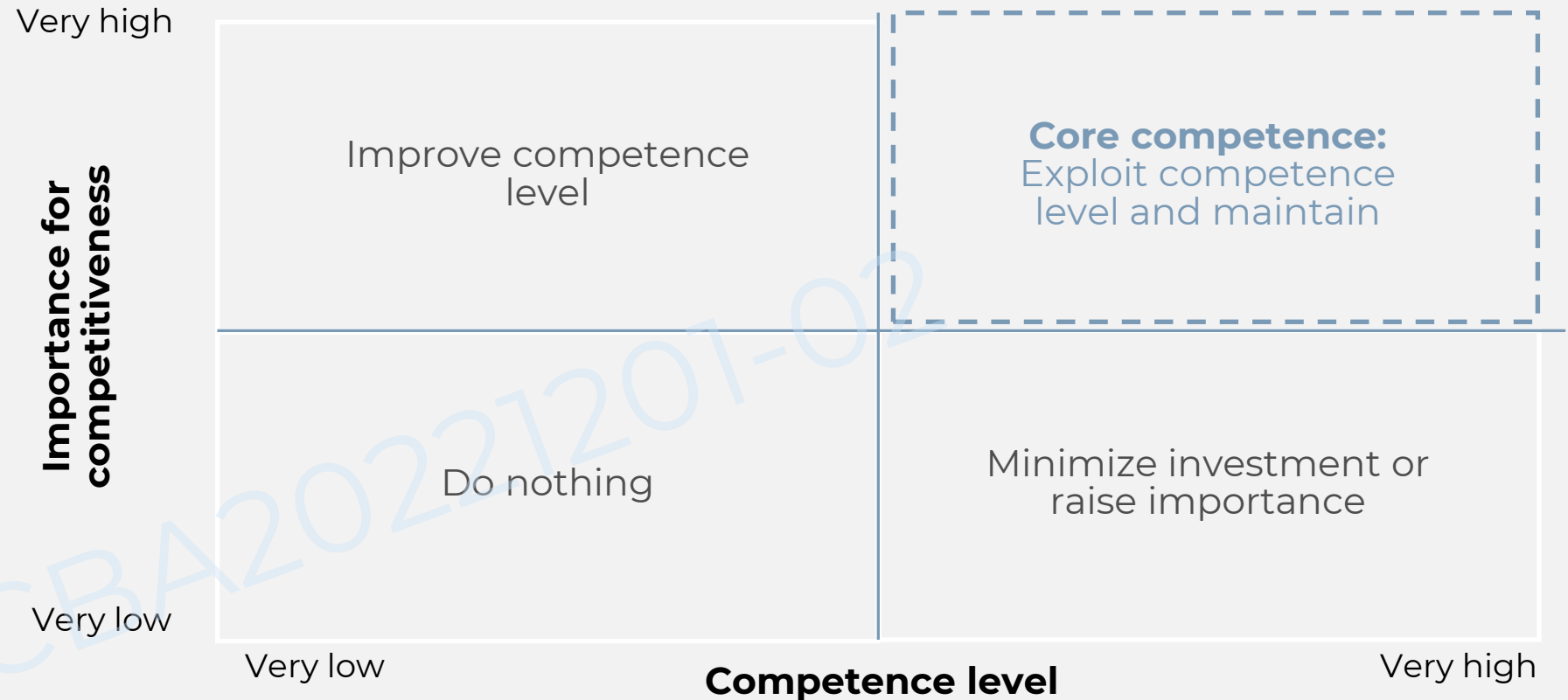


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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Preview preparation physical training: competence matrix

## Competence Matrix



## Preview: Work in between online and physical training

Please keep the competence matrix in mind as determining the position of your competences will be an integer part of the preparation for the physical training in 2023.





# Self- reflection (20 minutes)

## Part 1/ 2

**Please conduct a SWOT analysis on  
your cluster  
(20 minutes)**



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# Self- reflection: working template

## Part 1/ 2

Please use this template to list  
your cluster's strengths,  
weaknesses, opportunities and  
threats

### SWOT analysis

<u>Strengths?</u>	<u>Weaknesses?</u>
<u>Opportunities?</u>	<u>Threats?</u>



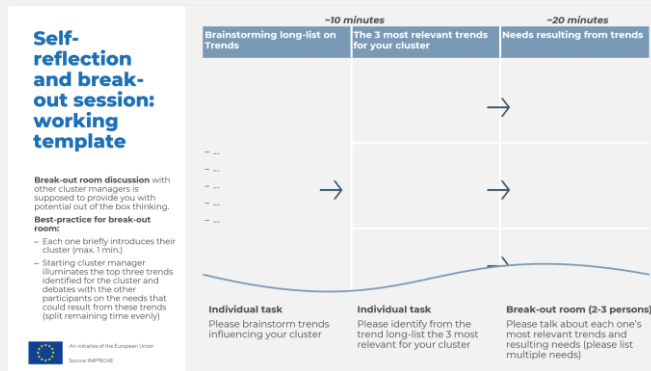
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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

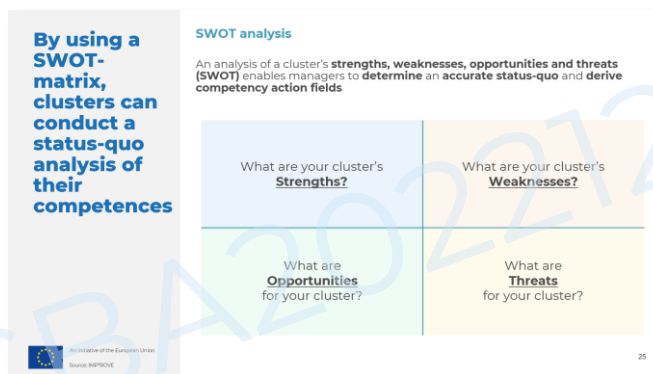
# Self-reflection (20 minutes)

## Part 2/ 2

Focus field: utilizing your strengths



Do you remember your trends and needs analysis?



The SWOT analysis helps in identifying competences

Please reflect on the following:

How can your strengths assist in solving the members' needs?  
What competencies would you like to develop to solve the needs?





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Source: IMP³ROVE

# Self-reflection: working template

## Part 2/ 2

-  Content from step 2
-  Content to work on in this session

trends cluster	Needs resulting from trends	Strengths (you have) that help you in solving that need	Strengths (you want to develop) to help overcome threats, weaknesses	Strengths (you want to develop) based on opportunities
	- .... → - ....		- ....	
	- .... → - ....		- ....	
	- .... → - ....		- ....	



## Step 5: Service portfolio

CBA20221201-02

# Clusters can follow a structural five-step approach to map and assess the portfolio and update it according to member needs

## Service portfolio update process

1

### Status-quo analysis

- Listing services
- Identifying need-based fields among members

2

### Systematic inventory

- Mapping of existing services (structural field allocation)
- Identifying of portfolio gaps based on members' needs

3

### Profitability

- Evaluating profitability of existing services
- Comparing effort of services and expected recognition of cluster members (self-assessment)

4

### Member feedback

- Setting up workshops with members
- Capturing satisfaction with offered services and prioritizing member expectations
- Comparing self-assessment (step 3) with member feedback

5

### Update services in portfolio

- Terminating or changing existing services (if necessary)
- Initiating new services (if necessary)
- Closing gaps according to profitability (step 3) and member feedback (step 4)

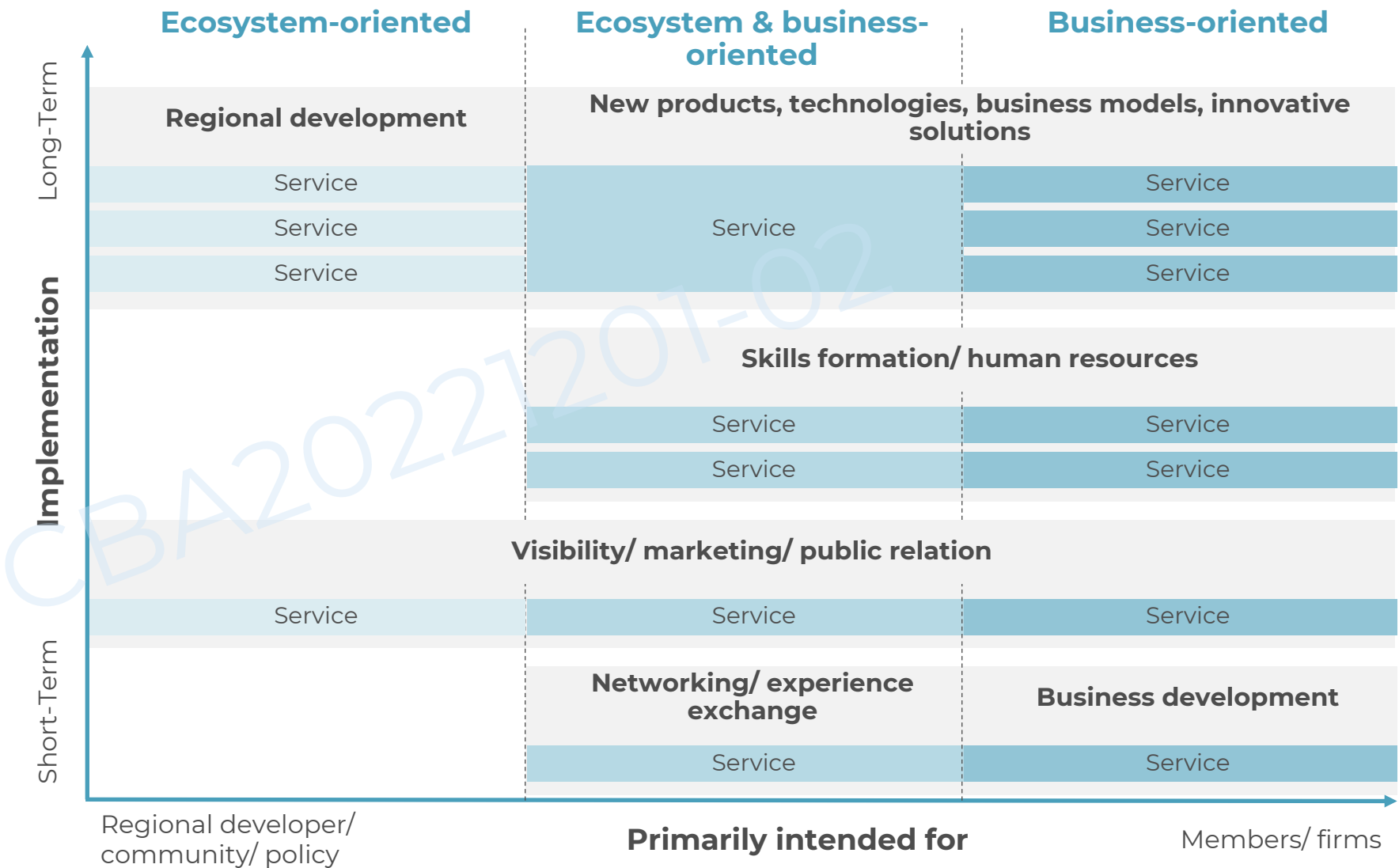




Existing services can be mapped and categorized via a dashboard, giving the cluster a systematic overview

Step 1 and 2 of service portfolio update process

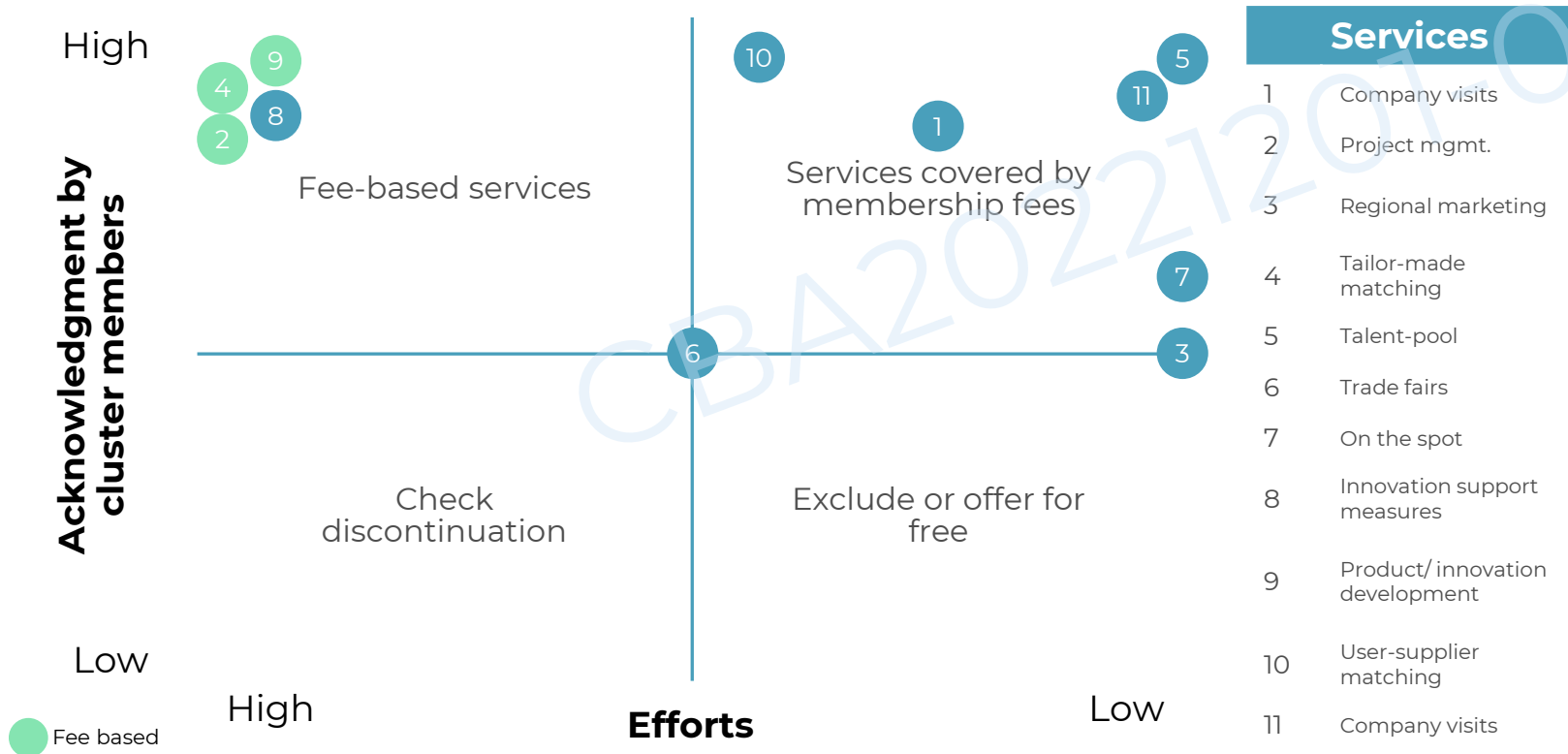
# Status-quo service mapping (exemplary)



Step 3, 4, 5 of service portfolio update process

# Case example: A profitability analysis assists in making the right service portfolio adaption choices

## Profitability portfolio analysis – example of an energy cluster in Germany in 2018



## Background – results of analysis

Cluster managers **mapped** and **reviewed services** into **profitability matrix**:

Several **services** causing **high efforts** were included in **membership fees**



**Three services** were turned into **fee-based services**

## Procedure

**Expectation** on service **effort** and **current satisfaction** level are **compared** in self- and member-assessment

- Enables **final validation** on service **priority** and **adaption** of **portfolio** on member needs



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Source: GIZ Cluster Development Guide 2021, IMP³ROVE

# Best practice example: Developing new services (structured target setting) – Cluster Menara, Morocco

## Needs-based vision



**Set-up an Innovation Technological Development Center for the agri-food and cosmetics sector** for the Menara cluster (80 members)

## Objective



- **Creating a non-profit innovation center** delivering high-quality and non-technical services relevant to businesses and being moderate regarding costs
- **Offering** paid as well as subsidized **innovation services** enhancing financial and operational sustainability of members
- **Supporting product development**, strengthening **creation of new jobs** within members and companies associated with value chain

## Desired outcomes



- (SMEs) **Creating innovative and competitive products** through technology transfer and access
- **Establishing links** between **cluster members** and **research/ academic community**
- **Preserving** existing **occupations** inside members and **shaping new jobs** driven through product development/ technological access



## **Break-out room and presentation (50 minutes)**

**Break-out room:**  
**Please discuss your most unique services  
with peers?**  
(30 minutes)

**Main room:**  
**Please present the most interesting/ unique  
services gathered within the group  
discussion in the main room**  
(20 minutes)



# Homework: Template

Please use this template for your homework – in the prioritization section, please state the services that you identify as the most unique ones

Long-list of services	Prioritize: The most unique services in your portfolio	Why are you proud of these services?
	<div> <div></div> <div>— ....</div> </div> <div>→</div>	
<div>— ....</div> <div>— ....</div> <div>— ....</div> <div>— ....</div> <div>— ....</div>	<div>→</div> <div>— ....</div>	<div>→</div>
	<div>— ....</div>	<div>→</div>





# Break-out room: Template

Please use the content you have worked on as your **homework**

Please present the most unique services in your portfolio to break-out group

In the next step, please (as a group) use the template below to record the results and note down the most interesting services overall. Be ready to present these in the main-room later.

**Homework: Template**

Please use this template for your homework – in the prioritization section, please state the services that you identify as the most unique ones

Long-list of services	Prioritize: The most unique services in your portfolio	Why are you proud of these services?
— ....	→	
— ....	→	
— ....	→	
— ....	→	

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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

Long-list of unique services

— ....  
— ....  
— ....  
— ....

Prioritize: The 3 most unique services gathered throughout your debate

— ....  
— ....



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Self- reflection: service portfolio analysis (30 minutes)

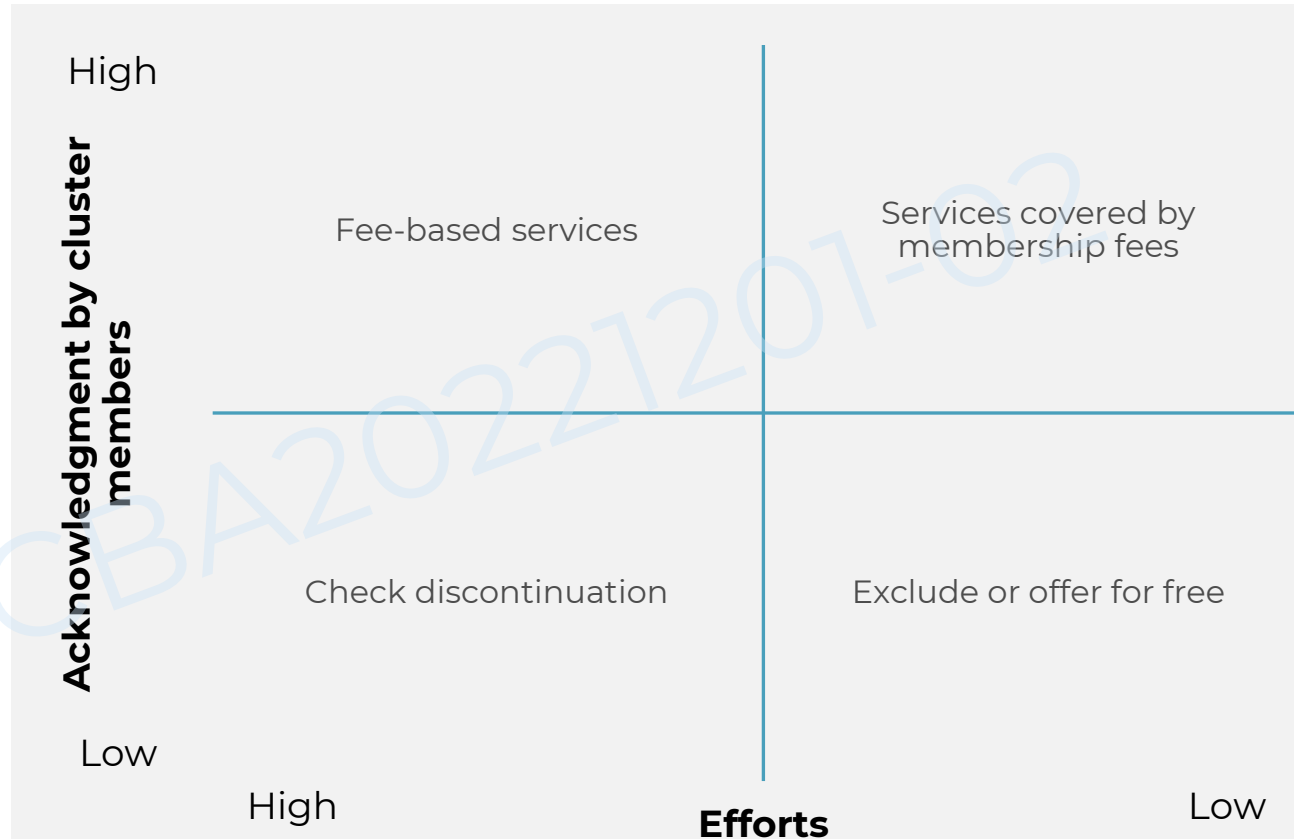
Please reflect on your service portfolio and categorize each service into the portfolio analysis matrix



# Self- reflection: diagram template

## Service Portfolio Analysis

A substantial part of the cluster strategy is the portfolio development. Mapping your service portfolio may help you in generate monetization ideas.



Please **take a list** of **existing services** within your portfolio

**Consider** for each service the **effort** and **acknowledgement** by members

**Categorize** the **services** into the matrix



## Step 6: Communication strategy



# The importance of communicating a brand: a cluster brand can yield several benefits for multiple stakeholders

## Good branding creates long-term visibility

Developing a **brand** consists of **combining values and attributes** (e.g., USP, what to stand for, etc.)

- To **foster member commitment** and **consistency**, branding should be **in line with members**

Once brand is **developed**, **communication objectives** for target groups must be set to **guide choice of tools and timing**

### Exemplary goals of branding:

- Strengthening **commitment** of members and **attracting new** ones
- Anchoring and establishing cluster **strategy**
- Increasing **visibility** beyond regional borders
- Fostering cross-cluster and border **collaboration**

## Best practice example: Prosecco Cluster Italy

### Background:



The Italian cluster of prosecco in Veneto, Italy is a self-contained ecosystem. The **local wine production** caused the **evolvment of many connected activities**.

Heterogenous actors are involved in the system and in 2003, the **area was recognized as the first sparkling wine district of Italy**.

### Cluster positioning:



The **key focus of brand strategy** is the **region**. Brand value **focuses** on:

- **Quality of product** due to long tradition and certified labelling
- **Association** of the sparkling wine **with luxury, pleasure and well-being**
- **Regional link to heritage** (noble castles, landscapes and century long tradition in prosecco production)

### Key message:



- **Relating to location** is for (some) clusters **reasonable to strengthen brand of members** (further win situation for local government)
- **Region-based branding** can **translate** into **strong commitment** of numerous stakeholders (e.g., members, public administration, inhabitants)





# Final Q&A



# Feedback



**For further  
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The IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE - European Innovation Management Academy, non-profit [www.imp3rove.de/](http://www.imp3rove.de/) offers innovation management support services to enterprises, consultants and intermediaries. It also provides financial actors, policy makers and academia with consulting support and technical assistance related to innovation and innovation management. The services include innovation management benchmarking for enterprises, training and certification in innovation management, research on innovation management issues and promotion of best practices in innovation management. With its global network, the IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE Academy has set the standard for innovation management assessment. The IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE- European Innovation Management Academy emerged from the European Commission's flagship program "IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE". It was supported by the European Commission's Competitiveness and Innovation Framework Programme and receives continued support by Horizon2020.



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CLUSTER  
BOOSTER ACADEMY

# Cluster Booster Academy

Training Day 2

December 02, 2022



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# Agenda Virtual Training (Day 2)

10.00 – 10.15	Short recap day 1 and welcome day 2
10.15 – 10.30	<b>Business Model:</b> Business model canvas introduction and explanation
10.30 – 11.00	<b><i>Self-reflection business model of my cluster:</i></b> defining business model canvas for own cluster
11.00 – 11.30	<b>Inspiration: financing</b> (financing situation in clusters, financing risks and desired development)
11.30 – 12.30	<b>Keynote:</b> Speech on cluster business models
12.30 – 13.30	Lunch break
13.30 – 14.10	<b><i>Self-reflection recap business model of my cluster:</i></b> desired business model in 5 years
14.10 – 17.10	<b>Break-out session developing an action plan to advance and improve your current business model</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Establishing ideas for business model advancements and improvements</li> <li>– Pitching and further developing the ideas</li> <li>– Forming an action plan to validate the idea</li> </ul>
17.10 – 17.30	Final Q&A, feedback and closing of the training

 Beginning/ Ending

 Break

*Italics* Interactive session



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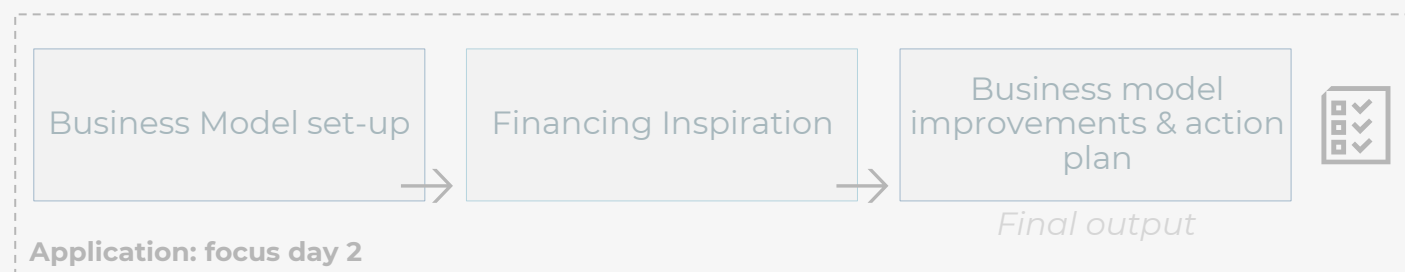
# The training consists of a theory section followed by an interactive application part

Through **insights gathered** from **cluster strategy review**, **business model** advancements and expansions can be identified

 Input factors

 Output factors, facilitated as response to input factors

## Training Theory



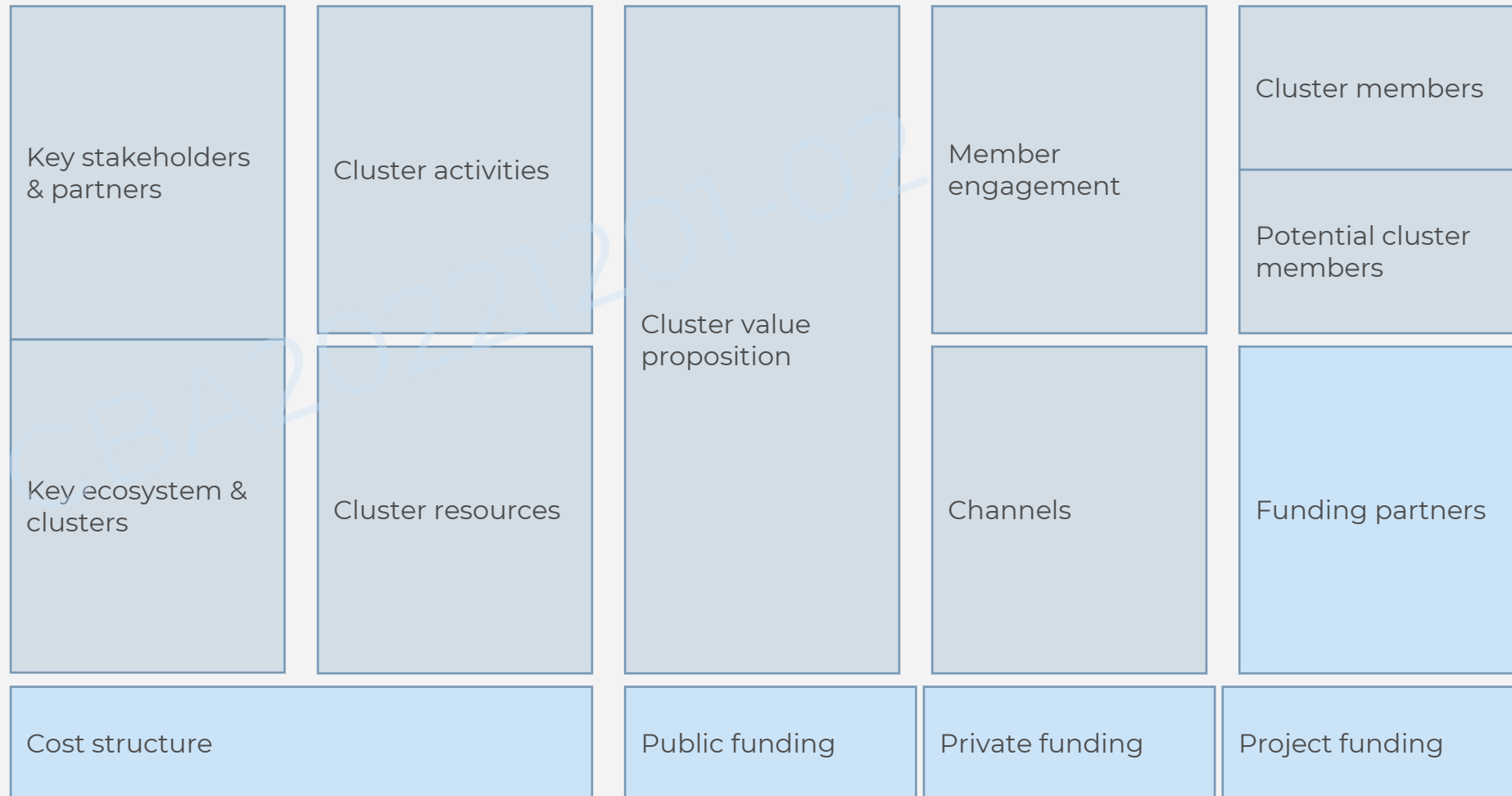
# Business Model



# The Business Model Canvas enables a one-page view of a cluster's structure

## Business Model Canvas cluster version

The Business Model Canvas offers managers the opportunity to structure and document their existing ones. The framework is widely regarded as the most famous one to display business models.



Business development related



Financing related

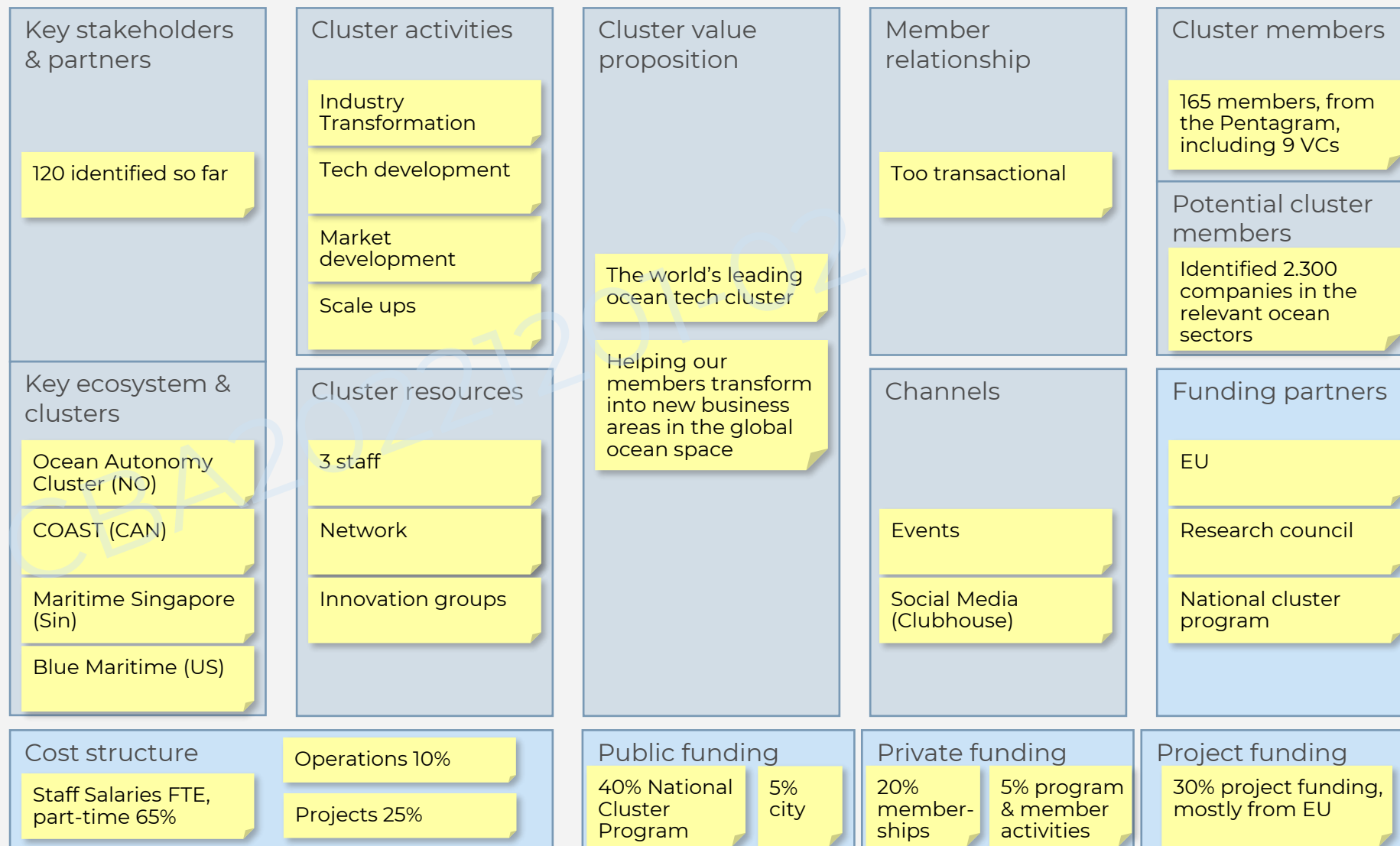




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Source: GIZ Cluster Business Model Guide 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Case example: Ocean tech cluster

## Business Model Canvas applied



 Business development related  
 Financing related



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Source: GIZ Cluster Business Model Guide 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# **Self- reflection: Business Model Canvas (30 minutes)**

**Please sketch the business model  
canvas for your cluster**



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# Self- reflection: Template

## Business Model Canvas cluster version

Please use the template below to document the Business Model Canvas for your cluster organization.

<p>Key stakeholders &amp; partners</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster activities</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster value proposition</p> <div></div>	<p>Member engagement</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster members</p> <div></div>
			<p>Potential cluster members</p> <div></div>	
<p>Key ecosystem &amp; clusters</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster resources</p> <div></div>		<p>Channels</p> <div></div>	<p>Funding partners</p> <div></div>
<p>Cost structure</p> <div></div>		<p>Public funding</p> <div></div>	<p>Private funding</p> <div></div>	<p>Project funding</p> <div></div>

- Business development related
- Financing related



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Source: GIZ Cluster Business Model Guide 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Self- reflection: assisting diagram template financing business model

Optional: Please sketch your proportional funding sources into a pie chart and state your key-takeaways



#	Takeaway
1	- ....
2	- ....



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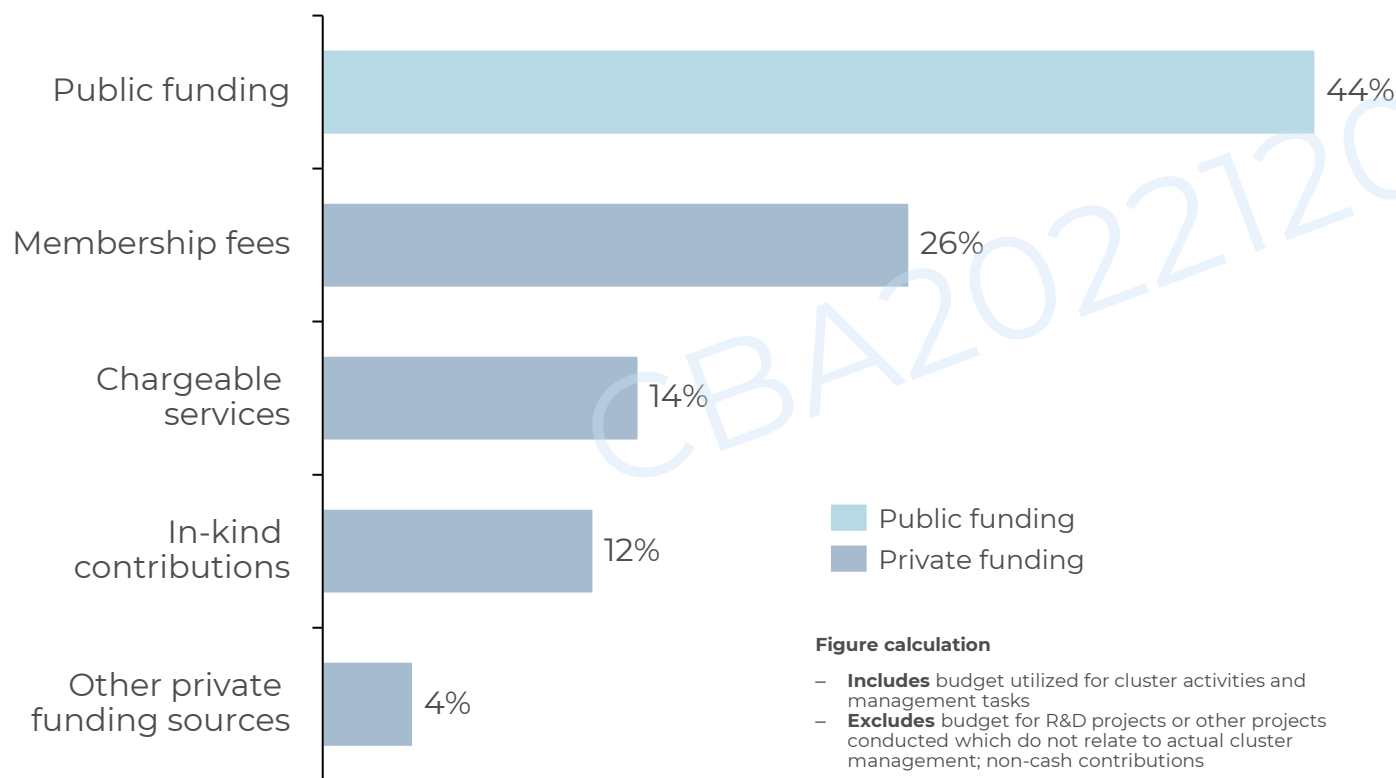
Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# Inspiration financing

# Developing a sustainable financing situation is frequently classified as an important internal objective by clusters

## Financing share in cluster organizations (EU + Norway average)



## Further Takeaways

### Public funding issue:

A high fraction of clusters were established with substantial public support

### Public financing is:

- Frequently **limited in time**
- **Not reliable** (potential reduction or cancellation with new governments/ new persons in office)



High **dependence** yields sustainable financing **risk** within cluster

### Solution: Financing diversification

**Mix** of multiple **income source** is best way to sustainable financing and a sustaining business model

**Substitution** of **public financing** requires excellent cluster management, inter alias via **selling useful chargeable services to members**

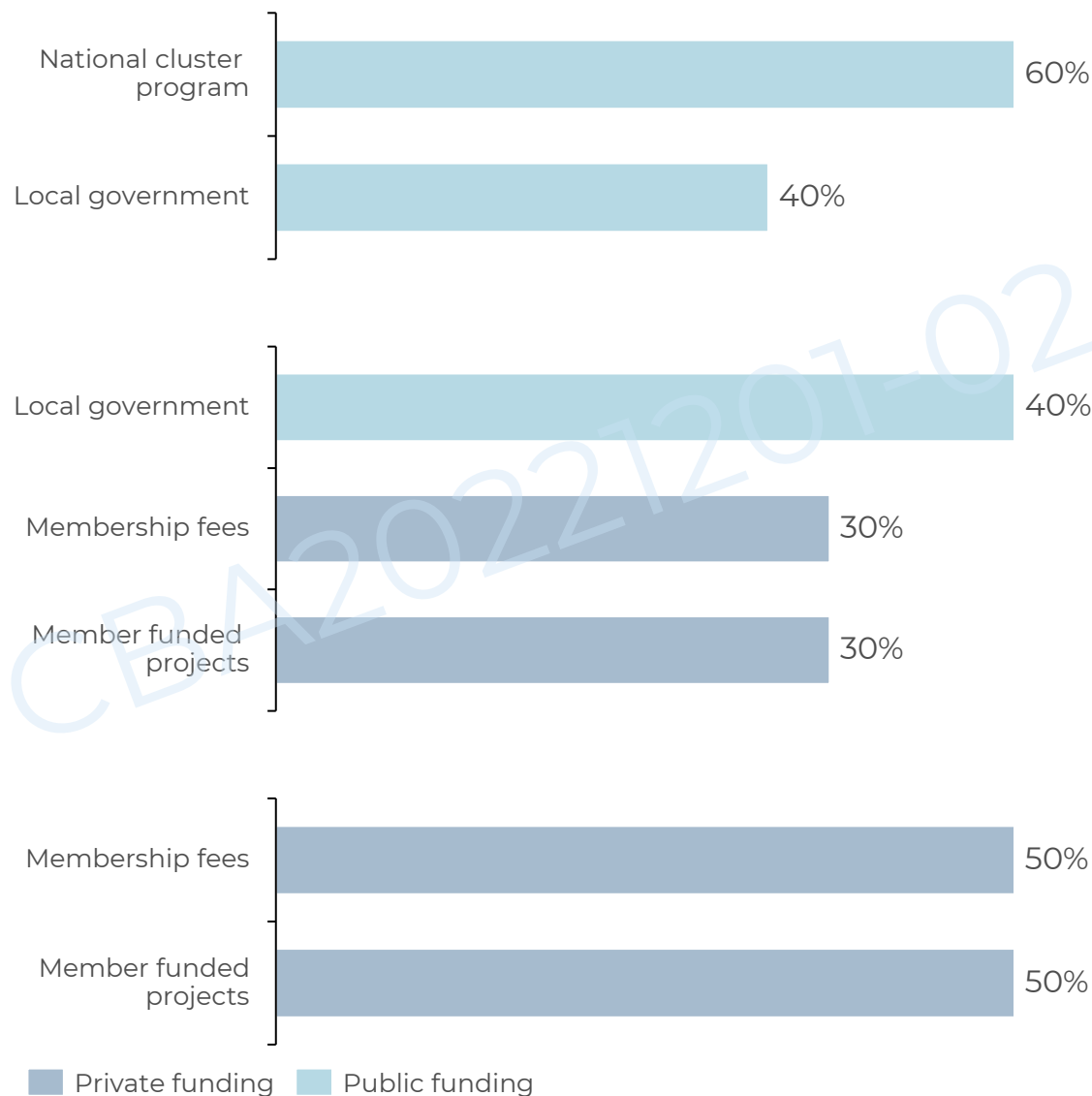


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Source: European Secretariat for Cluster Analysis 2018, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Case example: change of cluster financing over time – from government dependence towards diversified financing

## Cluster financing evolution map



**Year:** 2015  
**Total budget:** €100.000  
**Financial stress:** High  
**Target next year:** €125.000

**Year:** 2020  
**Total budget:** €300.000  
**Financial stress:** Medium  
**Target next year:** €350.000

**Year:** 2025  
**Total budget:** €800.000  
**Financial stress:** Low  
**Target next year:** €850.000



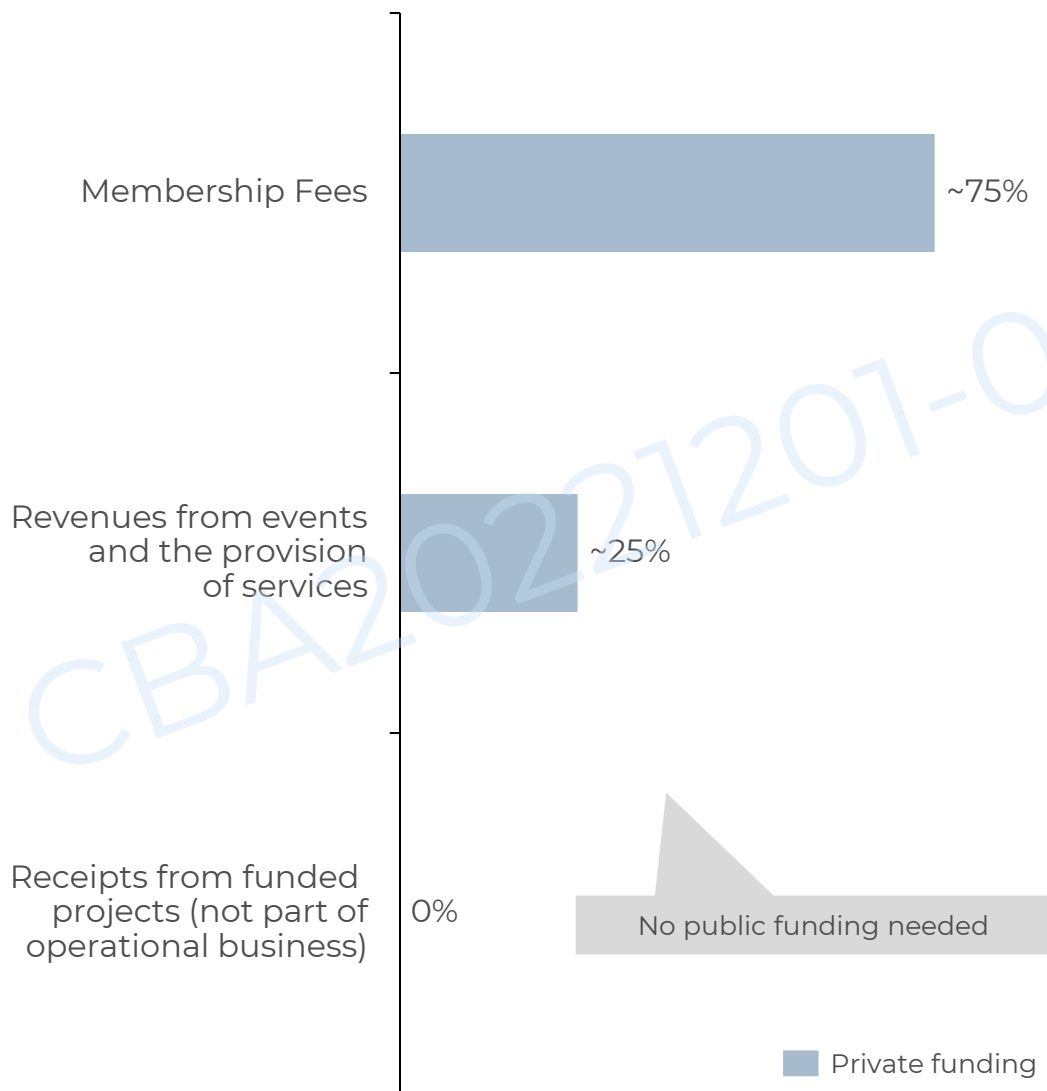
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Source: Strategy Tools & The Global Community 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# Case example: sustainable financing cluster financing Kunststoff-Netzwerk Franken e.V. (2017)

## Financing spread (revenues)



## Services

The Kunststoff-Netzwerk is a fully self-financed cluster organization in Germany. No governmental funds are needed for the cluster's activities.

### Innovative Business Model Feature – membership fees:

#### Cluster incorporates two types of memberships:

Full membership:

- Fixed fee, independent of company size (reason: no member should hold position of financial dominance)
- Entitled to vote at general assembly

Supporting membership:

- Fee differentiation, dependent on company size
- Interest groups which perceive the cluster as a platform with access to potential customers are **only** allowed supporting membership
- **Not** entitled to vote at general assembly

Application to become supporting members are selectively chosen and only accepted if purposeful technological exchange or other contributions can be expected



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Source: BMWi 2010, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Case example innovative financing ideas: Health Valley Netherlands

## About the cluster

Founded:	2006 by government, academia and corporates
Employees:	8 FTE
Area of activity:	medical devices & robotics, person. medicine and digital health
Partners:	>200 partners from education, healthcare and government

## Cluster strategy in 3 points

- 1 **Connect**
- 2 **Inspire**
- 3 **Facilitate**

## Innovative financing idea

### Aim:

**Gain independence** from public funding and **increase member engagement** (in first years of cluster 90%/ 10% ratio of public to private funding)



### 1<sup>st</sup> Action:

**Reassessment of partnership model**



### 1<sup>st</sup> Outcome:

**Imbalance** in **price asked** and **services offered** (price level left room for non-engagement – value perceived by partners did not reflect the value inherent in network)



### Final action:

**Increase** in membership **fees**  
**Inauguration** of **4 different membership levels** (based on FTE size (fee for large corporations ten-folded))



### Final outcome:

Some **loss of partnership numbers**, however, **substantially more engagement of members** (e.g., members frequently voiced expectations from activities, etc.) and **less dependence on public financing**



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Source: Strategy Tools & The Global Community 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Case example innovative financing ideas: Queensland Robotics Australia

## About the cluster

Founded: 2019 by network of robotics companies in Queensland

Area of activity: Industrial robotics

Partners: >50 partners from academia, industry, government

## Cluster strategy in 3 points

- 1 Establishing the foundations:** Build confidence, capability, capacity and connections within cluster
- 2 Accelerated growth:** Leverage key relationships within the state, nationally and internationally to grow the cluster and members (opportunities for jobs, revenue, commercialization)
- 3 Sustainable global market position:** Promote "Robot Made in Australia" brand with transparency, ethically endorsing the UN's Strategic Development Goals

## Innovative financing idea

### Aim:



Create **ownership** for **cluster development** and **effectiveness** among **members**

### Action:

Inaugurate **share-owner** model:

- **No** membership **fees**
- Provide **each member** with a **share** in cluster and option to purchase additional ones
- **Shares** pay **annual dividend** from any surplus not reinvested into cluster



### Outcome:



**Formal** way of **ownership** was created through which **members** have a **say in** cluster's **strategic planning** and **execution**

**Constant interaction** among members



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Source: Strategy Tools & The Global Community 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# **Self- reflection: Business Model Canvas (40 minutes)**

**Please sketch your desired future business  
model canvas (5 years)**  
(30 minutes)

**Please reflect on the differences to your  
current business model (previous self-  
reflection)**  
(10 minutes)



# Self- reflection: Template (30 minutes)

## Business Model Canvas cluster version

Please use the template below to document your **desired future business model (five years from today)** for your cluster organization

<p>Key stakeholders &amp; partners</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster activities</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster value proposition</p> <div></div>	<p>Member engagement</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster members</p> <div></div>
				<p>Potential cluster members</p> <div></div>
<p>Key ecosystem &amp; clusters</p> <div></div>	<p>Cluster resources</p> <div></div>		<p>Channels</p> <div></div>	<p>Funding partners</p> <div></div>
<p>Cost structure</p> <div></div>		<p>Public funding</p> <div></div>	<p>Private funding</p> <div></div>	<p>Project funding</p> <div></div>

- Business development related
- Financing related



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Source: GIZ Cluster Business Model Guide 2021, IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE



# Self- reflection: Template (10 minutes)

## Business Model Canvas cluster version

Please reflect on your current business model and the desired future business model

### Current Business Model Canvas

Key stakeholders & partners

Cluster activities

Cluster value proposition

Member engagement

Cluster members

Key ecosystem & clusters

Cluster resources

Channels

Funding partners

Cost structure

Public funding

Private funding

Project funding

### Desired Future Business Model Canvas

Key stakeholders & partners

Cluster activities

Cluster value proposition

Member engagement

Cluster members

Key ecosystem & clusters

Cluster resources

Channels

Funding partners

Cost structure

Public funding

Private funding

Project funding

- Business development related
- Financing related

Field	Desired Change
— ....	
— ....	

Please use the template to the left to reflect and document the desired changes to your current business model.

**The template serves as a starting 'point for your action plan.**



# Self- reflection: assisting diagram template financing business model

Optional: Please sketch your desired proportional funding sources into a pie chart and state your key-takeaways



#	Takeaway
1	- ....
2	- ....



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Action plan development



# Self- reflection and break- out session: developing an action plan (1/2)

**Develop an action plan to advance and improve your current business model**



# Self-reflection and break-out session: developing an action plan (2/2)

1

**Conduct a deep individual brainstorming session on the desired changes identified in the previous self-reflection and define how to advance and improve your cluster's business model (what could be immediate starting points?)**  
(30 minutes)

2

**Pitch your ideas to other participants in a break-out session and receive ad-hoc feedback (active discussion on everyone's ideas)**  
(45 minutes)

***15 minutes coffee break***

3

**Iterate your ideas and form an action plan to achieve the objectives set; further feedback by trainers on request**  
(90 minutes)



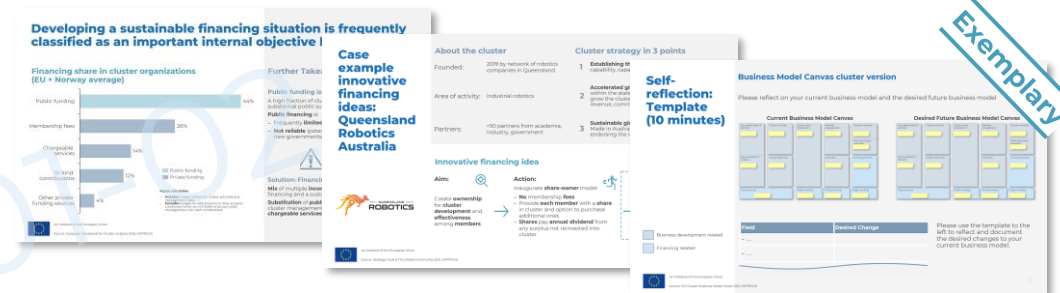
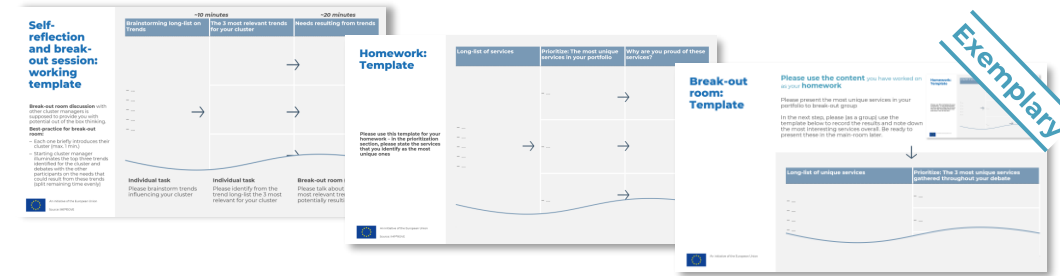


# Self-reflection: brainstorm on business model changes to advance and improve

Please reflect on the content you created yesterday

... and

the content presented and created today



1

Long-list desired business model changes to advance

- ....
- ....
- ....
- ....

Prioritize: The 3 most promising business model changes to advance

- ....
- ....
- ....

Prioritize at least one short-term idea (implementable in 3-6 months)



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

# Break-out session: template feedback session

- Content from step 1
- Content to work on in this session

2



Please use this template to incorporate your peer feedback

Desired business changes to advance	Prioritize: The 3 most promising business model changes to advance	Notes on peer feedback
	— ....	— ....
	— ....	— ....
	— ....	— ....

# Action plan: template for developing business model changes to advance and improve

3

Action	Responsible	Stakeholders	Requirements	Expected outcome	Deadline
<i>What will be done?</i>	<i>Who will do it?</i>	<i>Who are the stakeholders to involve for success?</i>	<i>What is required, e.g., resources</i>	<i>What kind of outcome do you expect within this step?</i>	<i>By when?</i>

Step 1:

---

Step 2:

---

...

## How to use the template?

**First:** Identify business model changes to advance and improve (e.g., change in member fee structure – fee discrimination by size or change in service structure)

**Second:** Fill in the action plan template

- **Action:** What are the individual steps to achieve this goal?
- **Responsible:** Who should be the responsible person for each step?
- **Stakeholders:** Who within the cluster must be involved in that specific step?
- **Requirements:** What are the requirements for each step (e.g., needed resources, legal requirements clarified, etc.)
- **Expected outcome:** What do you expect as an outcome from this step?
- **Deadline:** How many days should it take to finish this step?



# Final Q&A



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Source: IMP<sup>3</sup>ROVE

## Feedback



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